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# TECHNICAL NOTE

D-971

TRANSONIC AERODYNAMIC LOADING CHARACTERISTICS OF A WING-BODY-TAIL COMBINATION HAVING A 52.5° SWEPTBACK WING OF ASPECT RATIO 3 WITH CONICAL WING CAMBER AND BODY INDENTATION FOR A DESIGN MACH NUMBER OF  $\sqrt{2}$ 

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TRANSONIC AERODYNAMIC LOADING CHARACTERISTICS OF A WING-BODY-TAIL COMBINATION HAVING A 52.5° SWEPTBACK WING OF ASPECT RATIO 3 WITH CONICAL WING CAMBER AND BODY INDENTATION FOR A DESIGN MACH NUMBER OF  $\sqrt{2}$ 

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#### SUMMARY

An investigation has been made of the effects of conical wing camber and body indentation according to the supersonic area rule on the aerodynamic wing loading characteristics of a wing-body-tail configuration at transonic speeds. The wing aspect ratio was 3, taper ratio was 0.1, and quarter-chord-line sweepback was  $52.5^{\circ}$  with 3-percent-thick airfoil sections. The tests were conducted in the Langley 16-foot transonic tunnel at Mach numbers from 0.80 to 1.05 and at angles of attack from 0° to 14°, with Reynolds numbers based on mean aerodynamic chord varying from  $7 \times 10^6$  to  $8 \times 10^6$ .

Conical camber delayed wing-tip stall and reduced the severity of the accompanying longitudinal instability but did not appreciably affect the spanwise load distribution at angles of attack below tip stall. Body indentation reduced the transonic chordwise center-of-pressure travel from about 8 percent to 5 percent of the mean aerodynamic chord.

#### INTRODUCTION

An investigation of the transonic aerodynamic characteristics of an airplane model having a 52.5° sweptback wing of aspect ratio 3 (reported in ref. 1) showed that the use of conical camber improved maximum lift-drag ratios attainable in the transonic region. It was inferred from force data that this gain in performance resulted from the improved wing lift distribution associated with the use of conical camber. Because of the scarcity of loads distribution data on conically cambered sweptback wings, the wing pressure loads on the wings of the model tested in reference 1 were also measured and are reported herein.

Similar loading investigations have previously been performed on conically cambered delta planform wings (for example, refs. 2 and 3).

A pressure instrumented model, the same as that used in the force tests of reference 1, was used in this investigation. The wing was cambered for a design Mach number of  $\sqrt{2}$  according to the design charts of reference 4, and the body was indented according to the supersonic area rule of reference 5. For purposes of comparison, tests with a plane wing (no camber) and a nonindented body were also conducted. The models were tested in the Langley 16-foot transonic tunnel at Mach numbers from 0.80 to 1.05 and at angles of attack from 0° to 14°. Wing section pressures distributions were obtained for six spanwise stations on all configurations tested.

### SYMBOLS

A	body cross-sectional area
$\mathtt{A_{i,j}}$	twist at ith spanwise station due to load at jth station
ъ	wing span
$\mathtt{B_{ij}}$	twist at ith spanwise station due to moment at jth station
c	local chord measured streamwise in x,y plane
e'	mean aerodynamic chord
ਰ	average wing chord, S/b
c <sub>m</sub>	wing section pitching-moment coefficient about local quarter- chord point
$c_{\mathtt{m}}$	wing pitching-moment coefficient about 0.25c'
e <sub>n</sub>	wing section normal-force coefficient
C <sub>N</sub>	wing normal-force coefficient, $\int_{\text{wing-body}}^{\infty.0} c_n \frac{c}{c}  d\left(\frac{y}{b/2}\right)$ juncture
$c_p$	pressure coefficient, $\frac{\Delta p}{q}$
ı	body length

M	free-stream Mach number
Δp	local static pressure minus free-stream static pressure
q	free-stream dynamic pressure
S	total wing area
x'	axial coordinate measured with respect to body nose
x	local axial coordinate measured with respect to wing section leading edge
x <sub>cp</sub>	wing chordwise center-of-pressure position, fraction of wing mean aerodynamic chord measured from leading edge of c'
У	spanwise coordinate measured with respect to plane of symmetry
y <sub>cp</sub>	wing spanwise center-of-pressure position, fraction of wing semispan
Z	coordinate normal to x and y, measured with respect to body center line
α	angle of attack of body center line

# MODELS AND APPARATUS

#### Models

A photograph of the model with the plane wing, indented body, and horizontal and vertical tails is shown in figure l(a). A sketch of the same configuration giving geometrical details is shown in figure l(b). A tabulation of the model geometric characteristics is presented in table I.

Wings.- Both a plane and a conically cambered wing were tested, each having the same thickness distribution. The plane wing had NACA 65A003 airfoil sections axially. The cambered-wing ordinates were calculated by the method of reference 4 for a design Mach number of  $\sqrt{2}$  at a lift coefficient of 0.2, and are shown as mean camber lines in figure 2. The camber method of reference 4 gave camber only over the outboard 20 percent of each local semispan so that the inboard 80 percent

of each local semispan of the wing was identical to the plane wing. The wings were of steel construction with static pressure orifices located at six spanwise stations (16, 32, 48, 64, 80, and 95 percent of the semispan). A listing of the chordwise orifice locations is presented in table II.

Bodies. Table III presents the ordinates of the indented and nonindented bodies. Both were bodies of revolution for the forward 75 percent of the body length and had elliptical cross sections over the rearward 25 percent (to accommodate the model sting support).

The indented body had a cross-sectional area distribution calculated for  $M = \sqrt{2}$  indentation according to the supersonic area rule of reference 5. The body was indented for only 80 percent of the area calculated for the presence of the horizontal and vertical tails. Cross-sectional area distributions for the two configurations are presented in figure 3.

Tails.- The geometric characteristics of the vertical and horizontal tails are listed in table I. It should be noted that the horizontal tail used on the indented body was different from that used on the nonindented body.

# Apparatus

The tests were made in the Langley 16-foot transonic tunnel. A complete description of the wind tunnel and its airflow characteristics is contained in reference 6. The model was sting-supported as shown in figures 1(a) and 1(b). The sting-support system pivoted in a manner such that the model was kept on or near the tunnel center line throughout the angle-of-attack range.

The wing static pressures were recorded on multiple-tube mercury-manometer boards. A pendulum-type strain-gage inclinometer was located inside the model to determine the angle of attack.

# TESTS

Three principal model configurations were tested. These were the cambered wing with the indented body, the plane wing with the indented body, and the cambered wing with the noninderted body. For most of the tests, both the vertical and horizontal tails were attached to the model and set at zero deflection. For some configurations and test Mach numbers, data at high angles of attack were obtained with the horizontaltail incidence at -40 and -80.

Boundary-layer transition was fixed on all configurations by means of a 0.1-inch-wide strip of distributed roughness particles of No. 220 carborundum grains. On the wings and tails, the strips were located on the upper and lower surfaces at the 2.5-percent-chord line. On the body, a strip around the nose was located at 2.5 percent of the body length.

Tests were conducted at Mach numbers from 0.80 to 1.05 and at angles of attack from 0° to 14° except when restricted by allowable model support loads. The Reynolds numbers based on mean aerodynamic chord varied from  $7\times10^6$  to  $8\times10^6$ .

## CORRECTIONS AND ACCURACY

Reference 7 indicates that tunnel-wall interference in the Langley 16-foot transonic tunnel is negligible for the size of model which was tested and therefore no such correction has been made. No correction has been made for model aeroelasticity; however, the wing was statically loaded and the measured influence coefficients are presented in figure 4. These coefficients were obtained by the method described in reference 8.

No difference in wing pressure distributions could be detected in tests with differing tail incidences. Therefore, the wing pressure data contained within this report are presented as independent of the tail settings actually used during the tests. In addition, a comparison of wing pressures measured with the tails on and off showed negligible differences. It is therefore considered that the effects on the data of the use of horizontal tails of different size can be ignored.

The accuracy of the data has been estimated as follows:

$c_n$					•		•					•		•	•	•	•	•	±0.005
																			±0.01
α.	đε	g																	±0.2

# PRESENTATION OF RESULTS

The results of this investigation are presented in the following figures:

Figure Chordwise pressure distributions for the plane wing in combina-5 Chordwise pressure distributions for the cambered wing in com-6 Chordwise pressure distributions for the cambered wing in com-Spanwise load distributions for the plane wing in combination with the indented body ............ Spanwise load distributions for the cambered wing in combination 9 Spanwise load distribution for the cambered wing in combination 10 Variation of angle of attack with wing normal-force coefficient 11 Variation of wing pitching-moment coefficient with wing normalforce coefficient for various Mach numbers ....... 12 Variation of wing chordwise center-of-pressure location with wing normal-force coefficient for various Mach numbers . . . . 13 Variation of spanwise center-of-pressure location with wing normal-force coefficient for various Mach numbers . . . . . . 14 Variation of wing chordwise and spanwise center of pressure with Mach number for constant wing normal-force coefficient . . . . 15

#### DISCUSSION OF RESULTS

### Effect of Camber on Local Separation

The effect of camber on local wing flow separation can be seen in a comparison of the chordwise pressure distributions for the plane and cambered wings when tested with the indented body (figs. 5 and 6). Up to an angle of attack of 10°, camber delayed wing-tip stall and spanwise stall progression. In general, beyond 10°, where separation is more fully developed, the distributions are quite similar for both wings.

The beneficial effects due to camber are apparent in the region of M=0.80 to 0.90 as a reduction in the severity of the break in the wing normal-force coefficient with angle of attack (figs. ll(a) and (b)) and as a reduction in the severity of longitudinal instability as illustrated by the variation in wing pitching-moment coefficient with wing normal-force coefficient (figs. 12(a) and (b)).

# Effect of Camber on Spanwise Loading

At  $0^{\circ}$  angle of attack the spanwise load distributions for the cambered wing in combination with the indented body (fig. 9) indicate that the basic loading due to camber is rather small. Thus at angles of attack of  $2^{\circ}$  and  $4^{\circ}$ , it is not surprising that the general shape of the spanwise loadings for the cambered wing is similar to that of the plane wing (fig. 8). At an angle of attack of  $6^{\circ}$ , the cambered wing had a more elliptic spanwise loading than the plane wing because the cambered wing maintained a higher loading over the tip station. Above an angle of attack of  $6^{\circ}$ , the shape of the spanwise loading is quite distorted due to local flow separation.

The apparent similarity of the loading characteristics for both the plane and cambered wings is illustrated by the similar location of the spanwise center of pressure and its variation with Mach number at constant normal-force coefficient (fig. 15).

# Effect of Body Indentation on Chordwise

### Center-of-Pressure Travel

In the Mach number range of 0.90 to 0.98, the rearward chordwise center-of-pressure travel for the nonindented-body configuration was about 8 percent c' and for the indented-body configurations was about 5 percent c' (fig. 15). This beneficial effect of body indentation is due to higher negative pressure peaks near the wing leading edge and better chordwise pressure recovery at the 32- and 48-percent-semispan stations for the indented body configurations. These pressure differences are difficult to see in the pressure distributions of figures 5, 6, and 7 because of the small plotting scale. However, the effects of these differences are more evident in  $c_{\rm m}$  as can be seen in table IV. At M = 0.98 for these wing stations, the local chordwise center of pressure (defined as (0.25 -  $c_{\rm m}/c_{\rm n}$ )) is 3 to 4 percent farther forward for the cambered wing in combination with the indented body than for the cambered wing in combination with the nonindented body.

# CONCLUSIONS

An investigation of the aerodynamic loading characteristics of a 52.5° sweptback wing of aspect ratio 3, tested with indented and non-indented bodies, has led to the following conclusions:

- 1. Conical camber delayed wing-tip stall and reduced the severity of longitudinal instability.
- 2. Conical camber did not appreciably change the spanwise loading at angles of attack below tip stall of the plane wing.
- 3. Body indentation reduced the transonic chordwise center-of-pressure travel from about 8 percent to 5 percent of the mean aero-dynamic chord.

Langley Research Center,
National Aeronautics and Space Administration,
Langley Air Force Base, Va., August 10, 1961.

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# TABLE I

# MODEL GEOMETRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Wing:
Airfoil section, plane wing NACA 65A003
Aspect ratio
Taper ratio
Area, sq in
Vertical tail:
Airfoil section
Taper ratio
Area, sq in
Horizontal tail for indented body:
Airfoil section
Aspect ratio
Taper ratio
Area, sq in
Sweep of quarter-chord line, deg
Span, in
Mean aerodynamic chord, in
Root chord, in
Horizontal tail for nonindented body:
Airfoil section:
Root
Tip
Aspect ratio
Taper ratio
Sweep of quarter-chord line, deg
Area, sq in
Span, in
Mean aerodynamic chord, in
Root chord, in

TABLE II
STATIC PRESSURE ORIFICE LOCATIONS FOR PLANE AND CAMBERED WINGS

5	Lower			×	×	×		×		×		×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×		
0.95	Upper		×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×		×	
30	Lower		×	×	×	×		×		×		×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	
0.80	Upper	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
75	Lower		×	×	×	×		×		×		*	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
0.64	. Upper surface	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
φ.	Lower		×	× .	×	×		×		×		×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	
0.48	Upper surface	×	×	×	×	×	*	×	*	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
22	Lower		×	×	×	×		×	×	×		×	×	×	×	*	×	×	×	×	×
0.32	Upper surface	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
9	Lower		×	×	×	×		×	×	×		×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×
0.16	Upper	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×	×		×	×
h	x/c	0	.0125	.025	.05	.10	.15	.20	.30	04.	. 45	.50	.55	09:	.65	02.	-75	8.	.85	6.	.95

TABLE III
BODY ORDINATES

[All dimensions are in inches]

Body station,	Indented	d body	Noninder	ted body
x	У	z	у	Z
	Circular o	cross section	on	1
0 .50 .75 1.00 2.00 4.00 6.00 8.00 10.00 14.00 18.00 22.00 26.00 30.00 35.00 40.00 45.00 50.00 60.00 65.00 70.00	0 .24 .32 .39 .609 1.48 2.59 3.40 3.40 4.45 4.46 4.24 4.28 4.28		0 .24 .32 .39 .66 1.09 1.46 2.07 2.59 3.40 3.73 4.51 4.76 4.76 4.76 4.50 4.50 4.50 4.50	
	Elliptical o	ross section	on	
80.00 84.00 88.00 92.00 96.00 100.00	3.85 3.49 2.98 2.59 2.21 1.88	3.90 3.68 3.38 3.12 2.99 2.81	3.99 3.60 3.25 2.86 2.48 2.12	4.04 3.82 3.65 3.45 3.25 3.05

TABLE IV
WING SECTION COEFFICIENTS
(a) Indented body and plane wing

[	a,	<u>y</u>	= 0.16	<u>y</u> 5/2	= 0.32	<u>y</u>	= 0.48	<u>y</u> b/2	= 0.64	<u>y</u>	= 0.80	$\frac{y}{b/2} = 0.95$	
М	deg	c <sub>n</sub>	c <sub>m</sub>	c <sub>n</sub>	C <sub>IB</sub>	c <sup>n</sup>	c <sub>m</sub>	e <sub>n</sub>	c <sub>m</sub>	c <sub>n</sub>	c <sub>m</sub>	cn	c m
0.80	0 2 4 6 8 10 12 14	0036 -0833 -1827 -2804 -3935 -4989 -6015 -7006	.0009 0091 0208 0317 0431 0527 0533 0596	0117 091 -2191 -3354 -4962 -6373 -7792 -9233	.0018 003: 0050 0015 0055 0072 0086 0346	0160 .1026 .2430 .3569 .5319 .7333 .9062 1.0041	.0003 0034 0087 0087 0165 0500 1074 1718	0154 -1279 -3153 -4951 -8273 -9890 -7910 -7928	0002 0019 0109 0564 1499 7098 1328	0279 .1435 .2841 .4839 .4996 .4663 .4713 .4988	0037 0043 .0117 0761 0927 0700 0791 0776	0301 -1367 -2761 -1363 -1063 -1442 -1841 -2038	0041 0040 0045 0135 0129 0269 0303 0391
0.85	6 8 10 12	0017 .0854 .1848 .2913 .4017 .5120 .5953 .6970	.0008 0104 0232 0364 0493 0613 0566 0652	0086 .1002 .2250 .3546 .4992 .6476 .7620	.0019 0040 0082 0083 0114 0165 0112 0412	0110 .1039 .2458 .3698 .5456 .7475 .9117	.0009 0039 0105 0062 0216 0577 1146 1673	0131 -1282 -3150 -5127 -9201 1-0338 -7337 -7626	.0002 0024 0109 0597 1487 2249 1345 1397	C236 1467 14682 1852 1852 1854 1853	0028 0057 0057 0802 0942 0744 0846	0198 .1373 .2009 .2274 .1187 .1815 .1810 .2096	0056 0045 0046 0143 0146 028 0318 0429
0.90	0 2 4 6 8 10 12	0007 .0893 .1906 .3020 .4125 .5299 .6121 .6828	.0011 0118 0265 0427 0598 0775 0718 0842	0092 .1013 .2339 .3669 .5132 .6652 .7649 .8994	.0026 0042 0110 0157 0229 0341 0226 0488	0127 .1093 .2557 .3853 .5622 .7528 .8790 1.0096	.0012 0055 0125 0107 0344 0707 0960 1729	0143 -1366 -3099 -5272 -8129 1-0562 -7671 -7693	.0010 0030 0162 0632 1453 2303 1287 1482	0232 .1543 .3040 .5423 .53342 .4960 .5604	0033 0059 -0101 0936 0985 0882 1150	0.08 .1483 .2092 .1642 .1421 .1387 .1887 .2183	30a0 002a 0600 0151 0155 030a 0351 0449
0.92	0 2 4 6 10 12	.0200 .0901 .1918 .3069 .5336 .6476	.0016 -0131 -0290 -0483 -0847 -1005	0077 .1063 .2418 .3731 .6711 .8232	-0023 -0070 -0144 -0220 -0442 -0624	0072 .1124 .2610 .3918 .7590 .9738	.0000 0068 0150 0156 0823 1416	0107 .1373 .3054 .5373 1.0549 1.1508	-0012 -0031 -0154 -0164 -2322 -2576	0216 .1564 .3127 .5818 .5754 .5267	0028 0047 0139 1017 0745 0909	0175 .1465 .2903 .1719 .1405 .2128	0020 0018 0642 0169 0375 0649
0.94	.02468C2	0016 .0950 .2000 .3100 .4208 .5314 .6429	.0018 0158 0345 0516 0697 0886 1064	0083 .1081 .2487 .3804 .5259 .6664 .8129	.0021 0101 0193 0274 0357 0510 0679	0103 .1177 .2707 .4003 .5823 .7617 .9565	.0010 0103 0208 0228 0528 0928 1462	0153 -1469 -3111 -5425 -7978 1-0365 1-1240	.0013 0058 0194 0723 1400 2279 2497	0251 -1600 -3263 -5807 -5813 -6386 -5584	0027 0024 0118 0934 1005 1066 0923	0143 +1594 +2899 +1780 +1613 +1604 +2046	0036 0014 00666 0184 0128 0341 0642
0.98	0 2 4 6 8 10 12	0009 .0893 .1890 .3008 .4116 .5152 .6233	.0001 0125 0285 0507 0712 0885 1054	0076 .1020 .2368 .3685 .5048 .6411	.0025 0069 0161 0289 0397 0531 0709	0099 .1132 .2551 .3966 .5753 .7343	.0030 0097 0198 0304 0589 0946 1516	0110 .1430 .3092 .5469 .7646 .9727 1.0880	.0023 0138 0317 0791 1399 2126 2460	0312 .1662 .3630 .5603 .6493 .7137 .7375	0070 0229 0290 0988 1264 1423 1375	.0013 .2213 .4032 .2062 .1985 .2167	0003 .0058 0856 0856 0318 0317
1.00	0 2 4 6 8	0008 .0909 .1937 .2962 .3926 .4756	0002 0131 0299 0489 0628 0718	0069 .1038 .2402 .3625 .4906 .6261	.0015 0055 0152 0261 0374 0528	0070 .1122 .2551 .3891 .5609 .7180	-0008 -0054 -0157 -0280 -0583 -0934	0109 .1419 .3230 .5363 .7423 .9340	.0018 0096 0328 0777 1366 2009	-•0287 •1660 •3634 •5485 •6368 •7085	0056 0210 0370 0394 1252 1429	0293 -1890 -3925 -2260 -2247 -2464	0006 .0095 0696 0407 0420 0520
1.05	C 2 4 6 8 10	.0011 .0944 .1903 .2902 .3970 .4895	0006 0181 0360 0515 0725 0871	0075 .1067 .2318 .3641 .4807	.0013 0127 0263 0360 0464 0619	0097 .1146 .2516 .3996 .5515 .7100	.0016 0124 0288 0398 0698 1020	0116 .1443 .3189 .5360 .7044 .8783	.CC18 C123 C348 C738 1228 1805	0316 .1600 .3709 .5523 .6423 .7182	-:0071 -:0248 -:0460 -:1056 -:1296 -:1438	0917 -1299 -3123 -2610 -2694 -2906	.0077 0093 0539 0546 0595 0641

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TABLE IV.- Continued
WING SECTION COMPFICIENTS
(b) Indented body and cambered wing

ж	a, deg	b/2	= 0.16	b/2	= 0.32	y b/2	= 0.40	<b>y</b>	= 0.64	<u>y</u>	= 0.80	<b>y</b>	= 0.95
	448	g <sub>n</sub>	c <sub>m</sub>	c <sub>n</sub>	c <sub>m</sub>	c <sub>n</sub>	c <sub>m</sub>	c <sub>n</sub>	·m	e <sub>n</sub>	c <sub>m</sub>	c <sub>n</sub>	c <sub>m</sub>
0.30	02446 80244	0128 .0787 .1692 .2650 .3694 .4807 .5771 .6787	.0015 0095 0201 0313 0432 0530 0564 0628	0111 .0839 .1896 .3030 .4314 .5829 .7295 .8807	.002# 0051 0112 0170 0233 0147 0099 0375	0257 -0879 -2088 -3251 -4712 -6704 -8379 -9961	0020 0085 0122 0188 0288 0288 0853 1759	0266 -1138 -2575 -3942 -6192 -6382 -7883 -7839	3094 0142 0171 0190 0557 1567 1317	0743 -0994 -2569 -3938 -5481 -4781 -4540 -5102	0209 0234 0210 0260 0894 0798 0899	1797 .05:33 .2297 .3817 .1943 .1:318 .7:65	0029 0249 0197 0236 0141 0319 0173
0.85	02446 80174	0085 .0829 .1766 .2698 .3793 .4925 .5887 .6777	-2017 0110 0235 0346 0461 0652 0658	0136 -0880 -1954 -3105 -4437 -6905 -7264 -8577	.0036 0064 0:30 0:88 0:297 +.0240 0195	- 0235 - 0933 - 2172 - 3352 - 4808 - 6909 - 6429 - 9957	0022 0092 +-0131 0173 0273 0635 0923 1754	0263 -1201 -2671 -4054 -6287 -8403 -7720 -7435	3099 3146 3178 3177 +-3594 1467 354 68	0779 -1068 -2737 -4097 -5892 -4987 -4670 -5075	0192 0247 0247 0251 1004 0869 0826	1772 	13 200 - 1 13 200 - 1 13 200 - 1 200 -
90	6 8 10 12	0091 .0824 .1787 .2704 .3907 .5064 .6219	.0010 0128 0269 0414 0583 0753 0941	0119 .2860 .1994 .3200 .4638 .6045 .7552	.0236 0273 0159 0234 0389 0389 0552	C244 -0949 -2193 -3529 -4941 -7094 -8980	0026 0181 0165 0211 0263 0780 1260	0271 .1201 .2760 .4760 .6102 .8269 1.0529	1093 1150 1203 1180 1315 1149	0802 -1077 -2861 -0459 -0504 -5251 -5372	0194 0237 0251 0145 1155 0913 0994	1749 .0791 .2796 .4435 .2109 .1963 .1420	0027 0241 0176 0179 0246 0.49 +-0349
92.	07.4 6 8 10 12:	0106 .0842 .1849 .2871 .4012 .5152 .6317	.0020 -0138 -0300 -0479 -0645 -0639 -1011	0121 .0917 .2076 .3296 .4722 .6133	.0336 0086 0184 0185 0450 0450 0672	0248 .0963 .2271 .3672 .5051 .7217 .9163		0254 -1245 -2553 -4560 -6213 -8566 1-0248	-:029 -:154 -:154 -:28 -:067 -:353 -:045	0807 .1159 .2885 .4500 .6745 .5900 .5714	0190 0260 0227 0115 1190 0959 0985	:763 .0000 .2561 .5165 .2.23 .1665 .1434	.0001 -0237 -0064 -0090 -0222 -0145 -0322
•31	024 58 10 12	0053 .0962 .1963 .2364 .4023 .5182 .6256	.0012 -0178 -0358 -0421 -0705 -0904 -1038	0133 -0957 -2113 -2621 -4652 -6192 -7442	.0048 0112 0237 0276 0492 0590 0720	C222 .1C34 .2413 .2967 .5165 .7195 .9115	0028 0137 0278 0315 0576 0954 1501	0177 .1378 .3040 .376: .6524 .8462 1.0086	099 178 293 394 394 020	0852 -1150 -2912 -3820 -6719 -5884 -6307	0074 0239 0199 0262 1102 1043 1029	1942 .0967 .2705 .3655 .2350 .1764	-0085 -0249 -0249 -0066 -0076 -0276 -0151
.98	02468012	0020 .0876 .1815 .2842 .3835 .5042 .6076	0020 0148 0293 0481 0623 0865 1040	0088 -0881 -1979 -3177 -4459 -5988 -7172	-0036 -0089 -0187 -0322 -0470 -0747 -0748	0256 .0935 .2238 .3660 .5077 .6732 .8900	+0012 -+0126 -+0244 -+0350 -+0523 -+0743 -+1573	0139 -1364 -2970 - <b>4621</b> -6397 -8770 -9664	089 250 410 4560 592 946	0d31 .1281 .3248 .5239 .6637 .7044	0234 0464 0657 0667 0821 1368 1486	1018 -1+04 -3579 -6014 -4409 -2521 -2215	0120 0181 0485 0485 0481 0421
•00	0 2 4 6 8 10 12	0046 .0034 .1893 .2856 .3829 .4904 .5981	0002 0182 0334 0483 0627 0829 1014	0090 .0940 .2040 .3179 .4454 .5847 .7102	.0030 0096 0201 0304 0471 0764 0777	0242 .0981 .2284 .3604 .4976 .6675 .8782	0016 0120 0230 02319 0470 0765 1582	0166 -1386 -3002 -4633 -6261 -8471 -9406	(094 (238 (377 (402 (366 (1531 (1989	0756 -1308 -3304 -5379 -6010 -6827 -7556	0267 0454 0680 0721 0487 1258 1531	1897 -1301 -2941 -4956 -5134 -2794 -2612	0120 0410 0562 0534 1053 0588
.05	0 2 4 6 8 10	0008 .0888 .1824 .2719 .3699 .4801	0003 0183 0356 0496 0658 0851	0082 .0906 .2031 .3134 .4357 .5655	.0016 0138 0277 0401 0553 0817	0207 -0999 -2263 -3576 -4923 -6616	0030 0173 0304 0417 0523 0853	015813352897445363048271	-+C398 C246 -+C392 -+C+76 -+C341 -+C316	0771 -1204 -3153 -5103 -6786 -7288	0256 0475 0696 0827 1053 1442	2535 0177 .1916 .4271 .5542 .3347	0287 0838 0879 1020 1147 0724

TABLE IV.- Concluded
WING SECTION CORFFICIENTS

(c) Nonindented body and cambered wing

м	۵,	<del>y</del> b/2	0.16	<b>y</b> b/2	= 0.32	<del>у</del> ь/2	= 0.48	p/2	= 0.64	b/2 =	0.80	$\frac{y}{b/2} = 0.95$		
m.	deg	¢ <sub>n</sub>	c.	c <sub>n</sub>	c <sub>m</sub>	<sup>c</sup> n	c <sub>m</sub>	c <sub>n</sub>	c <sub>m</sub>	c <sub>n</sub>	c m	c <sub>n</sub>	c <sup>III</sup>	
0.80	0 2 4 6 8 10 12 14	0177 .0742 .1635 .2589 .3659 .4722 .5663 .6723	.0062 0062 0169, 0294 0418 0524 0575 0664	0129 -0844 -1861 -2992 -4399 -5730 -7151 -8529	.0037 0060 0117 0182 0214 0186 0095 0255	0266 .0864 .2041 .3215 .4737 .6565 .8192	0025 0083 0118 0171 0322 0478 0770 1660	0321 .1111 .2512 .3895 .6106 .8255 .7567 .7572	0089 0135 0168 0171 0497 1464 1313 1388	0789 .1007 .2519 .3970 .537 .4813 .4496 .4977	0210 0262 0237 0296 0884 0796 0898 0826	1850 -0627 -2216 -3819 -2026 -1458 -1666 -1778	.0025 0243 0177 0327 0241 0145 0303 0324	
0.85	0 4 6 8 10 12 14	0138 .0763 .1704 .2638 .3753 .4950 .5843 .6803	.0055 0070 0198 0322 0484 0642 0664 0738	0112 .0859 .1928 .3077 .4400 .5907 .7166 .8525	.0033 0067 0136 0205 0299 0267 0164	0254 .0876 .2089 .3338 .4795 .6852 .8104 1.0064	0024 0091 0127 0170 0329 0637 0775 1731	0302 .1144 .2594 .4012 .6208 .8352 .7911 .7485	0088 0139 0173 0160 0485 1402 1339 1441	0786 .1062 .2713 .4139 .6067 .4926 .4591 .5176	0214 0274 02789 0285 1029 0816 1027	1762 -0627 -2396 -4024 -2010 -1560 -1829 -1774	0021 0229 0165 0371 0227 0168 0344 0329	
0.90	0 2 4 6 8 10 12	.0013 .0828 .1822 .2825 .3979 .5196 .6375	.0019 0094 0261 0414 0628 0831 1053	0097 .0920 .2026 .3256 .4682 .6133	.0039 0084 0173 0268 0447 0469 0641	0257 .0946 .2194 .3501 .5028 .7180 .9198	0022 0101 0155 0208 0422 0854 1365	0260 .1213 .2765 .4397 .6166 .8228 1.0253	009C 0146 0187 0125 0482 1212 1908	0787 .1105 .2839 .4582 .7185 .5345 .5432	0203 0271 0256 0178 1230 0894 0981	1764 .0769 .2604 .4627 .2301 .1639 .1509	-0004 -0241 -0152 -0285 -0293 -0165 -0375	
0.92	0 2 4 6 8 10	0C46 -0872 -1880 -2934 -4082 -5311	.0037 0115 0291 0478 0706 0941	0121 .0939 .2106 .3408 .4843 .6251	.0043 0092 0206 0339 0558 0592	0282 .0975 .2273 .3711 .5289 .7358	0022 0111 0179 0254 0563 1002	0281 .1251 .2900 .4620 .6401 .8250	0088 0152 0153 0544 1208	0752 .1139 .2962 .4789 .7665 .5647	0248 0270 0236 0033 1262 0964	1735 .0927 .2721 .4907 .2286 .1681	0011 0251 0137 0364 0313 0167	
0.98	0 2 4 6	0079 .0891 .1929 .2912	.0051 0135 0320 0520	0070 .0952 .2131 .3350	.0045 0136 0301 0449	0296 .1021 .2437 .3821	•003C -•0164 -•0348 -•0447	0247 -1422 -3129 -4871	0077 0279 0466 0545	0936 -1057 -3507 -5780	0209 0247 0727 0837	1689 .1566 .4079 .5576	0012 0287 0532 0574	
1.00	0 2 4 6	0060 .0816 .1848 .2846	.0060 0111 0288 0504	0106 .0915 .2082 .3270	.0046 0116 0282 0437	0196 .0993 .2332 .3766	•0007 -•0151 -•0316 -•0457	0217 -1327 -2999 -4790	0091 0266 0449 0561	0791 -1185 -3278 -5574	0329 0480 0742 0884	2149 -0948 -2358 -4354	-•0114 -•0545 -•0991 -•1030	
1.05	0 2 4	0062 .0829 .1830	.0052 0134 0327	0059 .0912 .2033	.0033 0145 0321	0190 -1007 -2337	0018 0198 0370	0215 -1308 -2930	0099 0285 0483	0964 -1233 -3276	-•0224 -•0578 -•0847	2735 0291 .1784	0199 ~.0809 0940	

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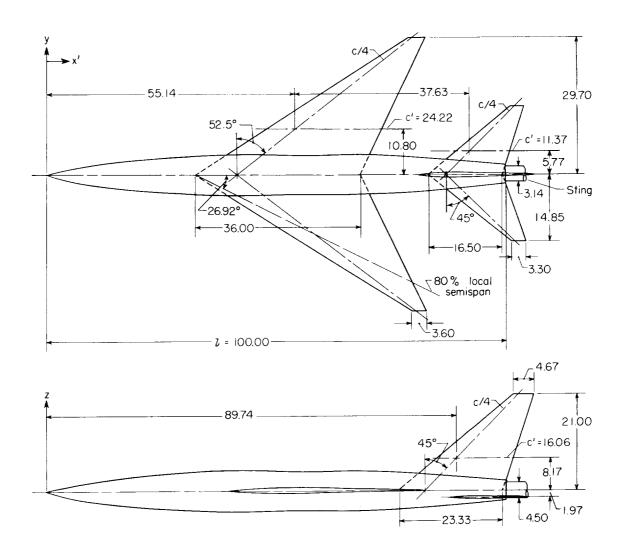
.



(a) Model mounted in Langley 16-foot transonic tunnel. L. Figure 1.- Photograph and sketch of complete model.

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(b) Sketch of model with plane wing and indented body. All dimensions are in inches unless otherwise noted.

Figure 1.- Concluded.

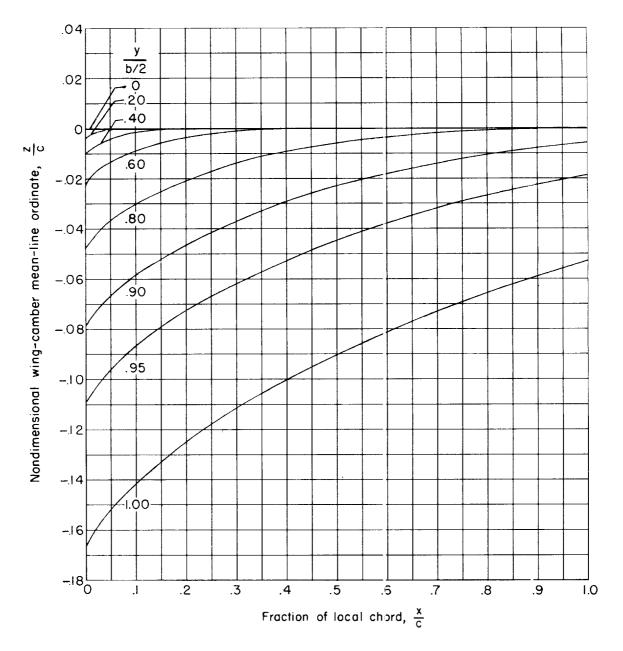


Figure 2.- Nondimensional wing camber ordinates for the conically cambered wing.

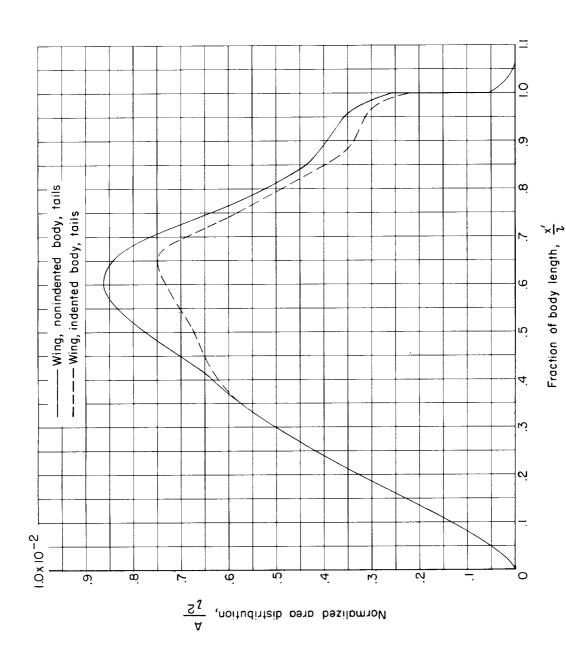


Figure 3.- Normalized axial distribution of cross-sectional area for complete models.

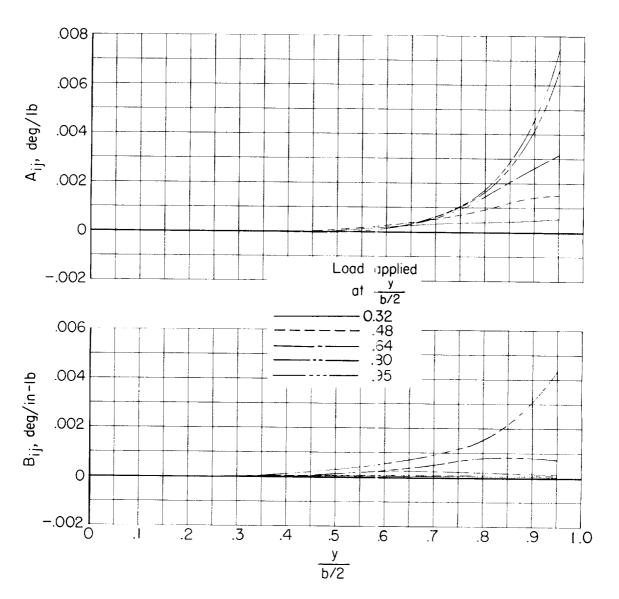
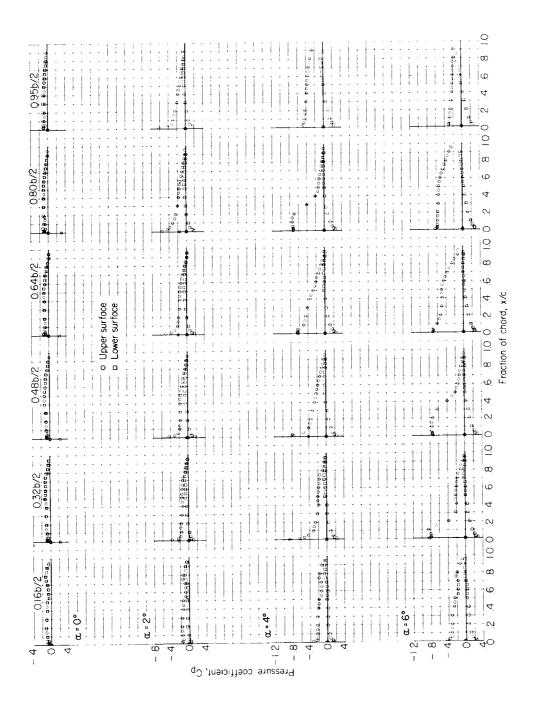


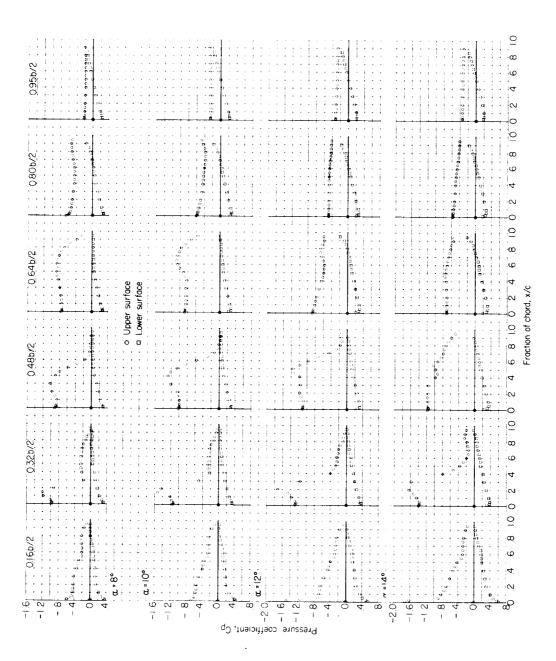
Figure 4.- Wing-twist characteristics for combined normal-force and pitching-moment loadings at five spanwise locations. (Wing attachment point at  $\frac{y}{b/2} = 0.088$ .)



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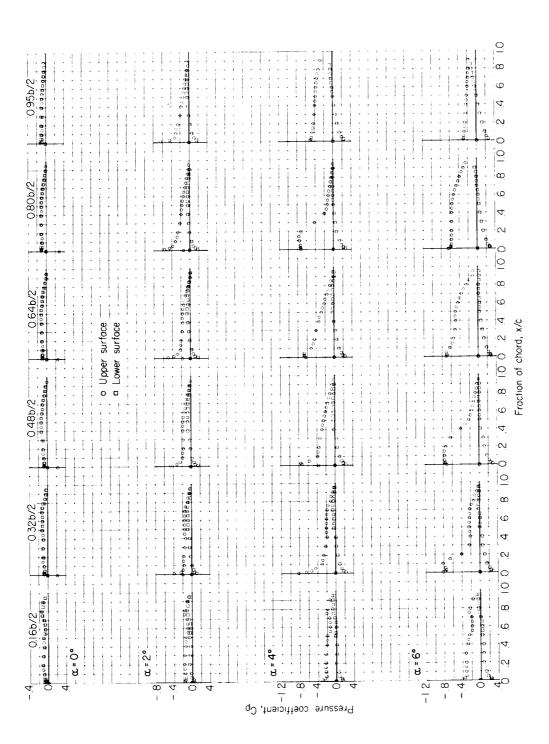
Figure 5.- Chordwise pressure distributions for the plane wing in combination with the indented body.

(a) M = 0.80.



(a) Concluded.

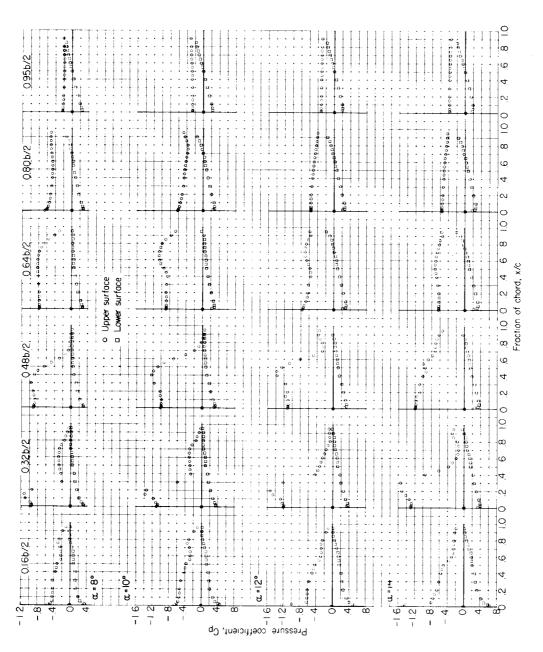
Figure 5.- Continued.



(b) M = 0.85.

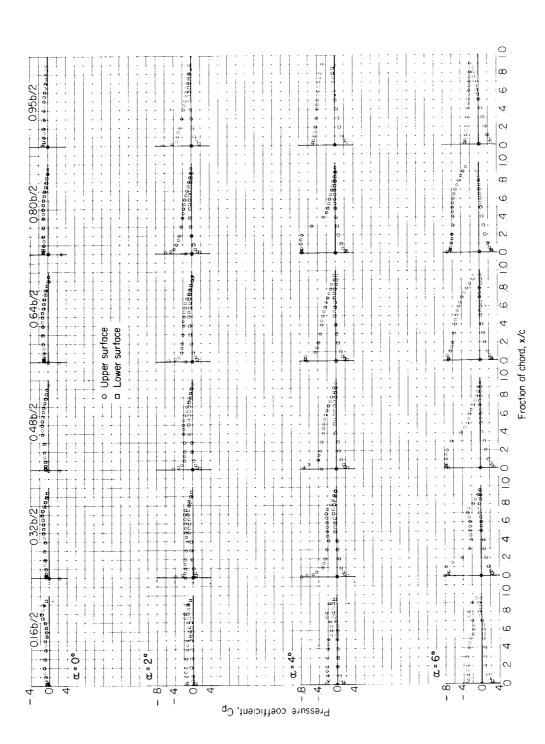
Figure 5.- Continued.





(b) Concluded.

Figure 5.- Continued.



(c) M = 0.90.

Figure 5.- Continued.

o Upper surface

α=10°·

189

0.326/2

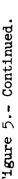


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Pressure coefficient, Cp





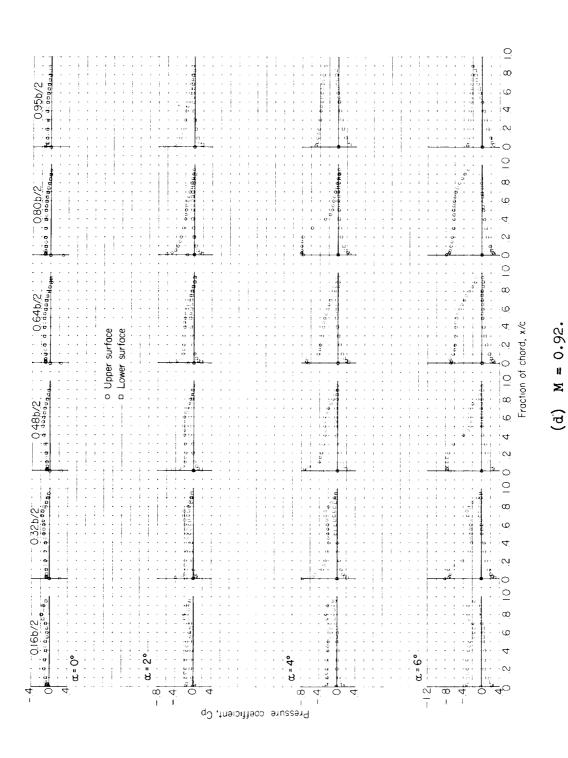
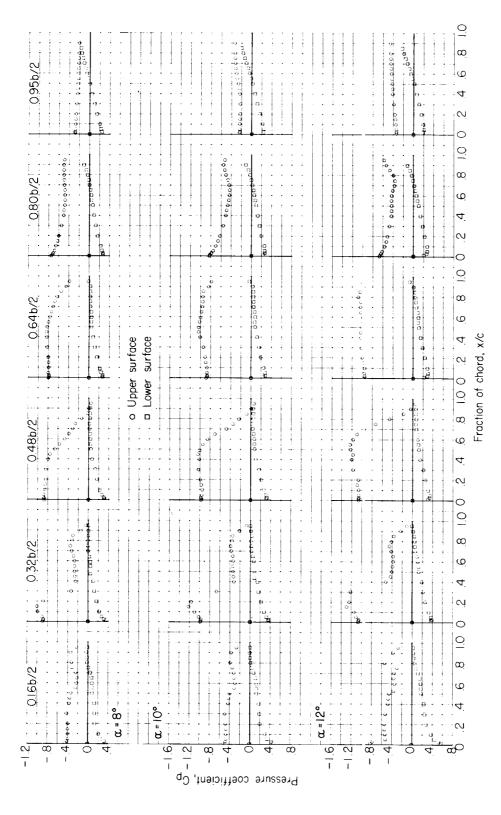


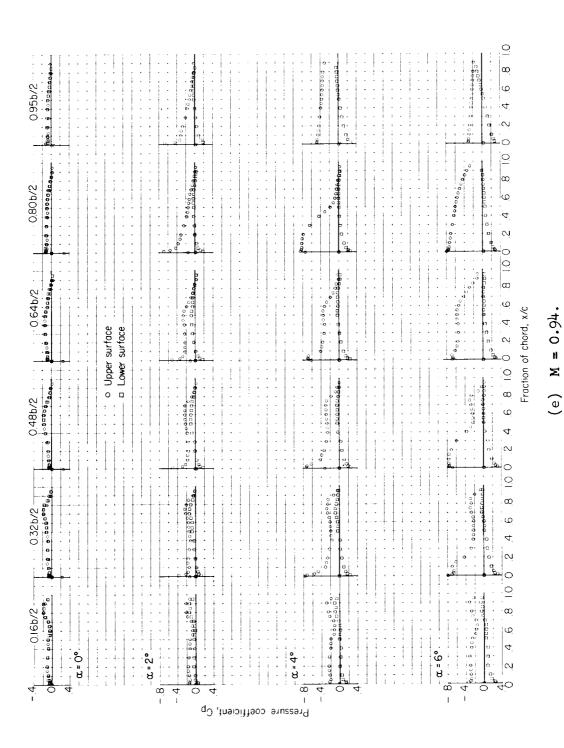
Figure 5.- Continued.



(d) Concluded.

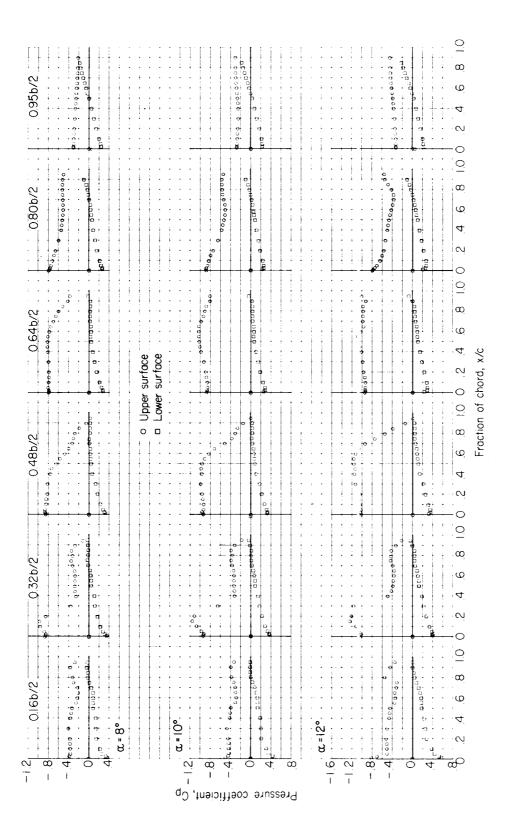
Figure 5.- Continued.

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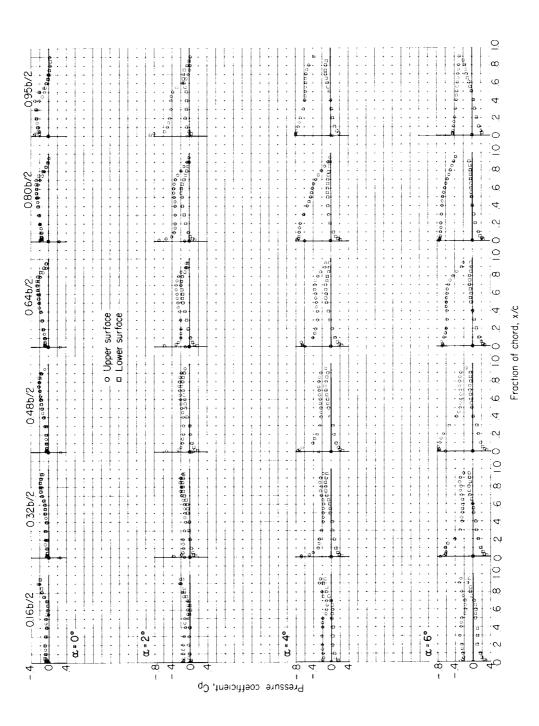
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Figure 5.- Continued.



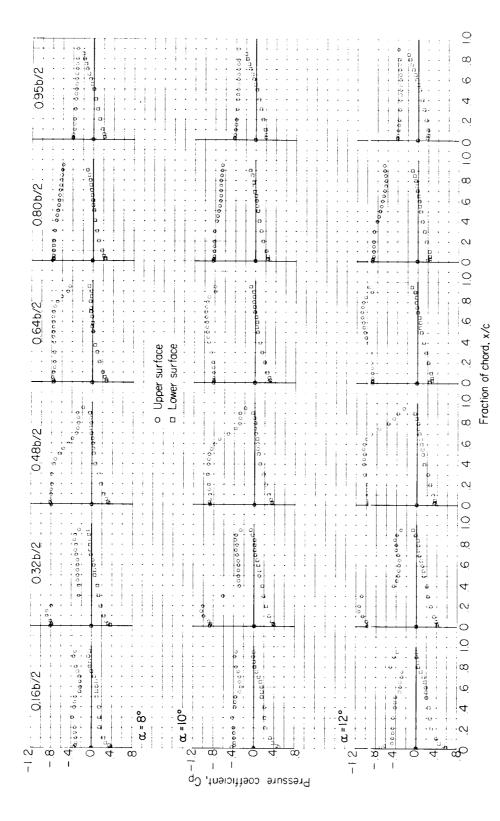
(e) Concluded.

Figure 5.- Continued.



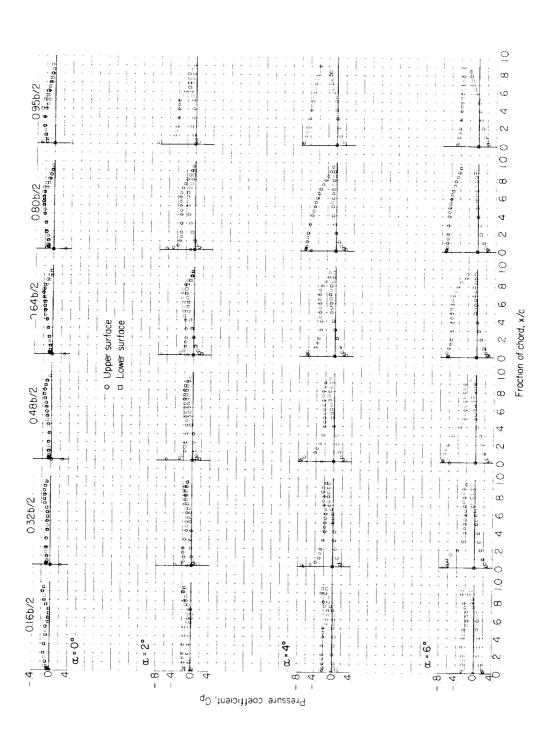
(f) M = 0.98.

Figure 5.- Continued.



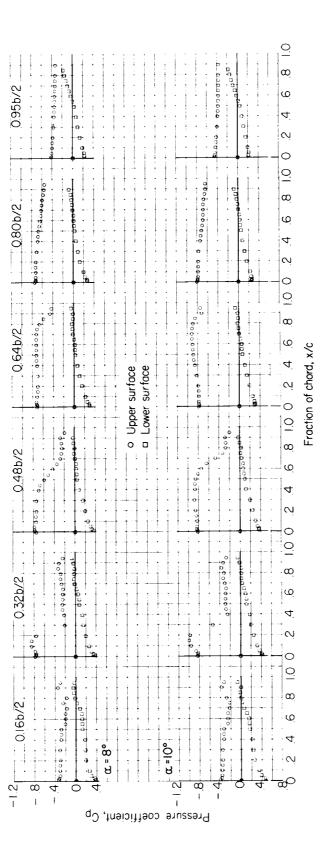
(f) Concluded.

Figure 5.- Continued.



(g) M = 1.00.

Figure 5.- Continued.



(g) Concluded.
Figure 5.- Continued.

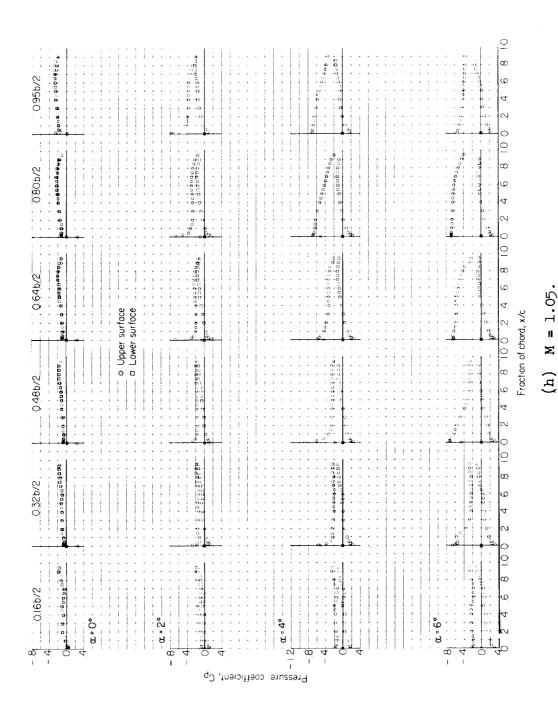


Figure 5.- Continued.

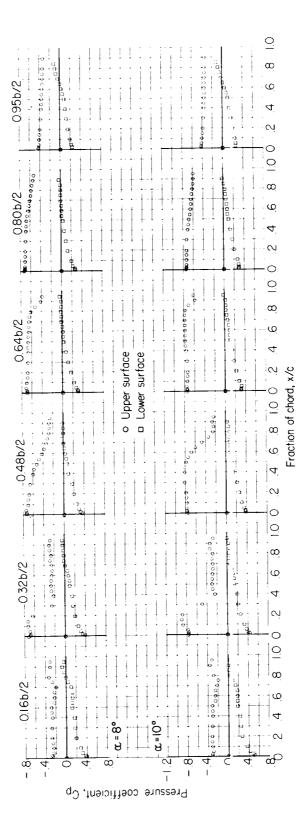


Figure 5.- Concluded.

(h) Concluded.

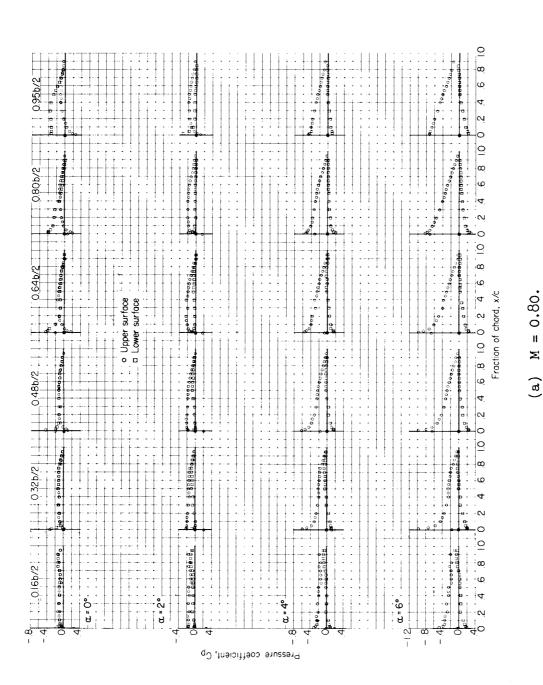
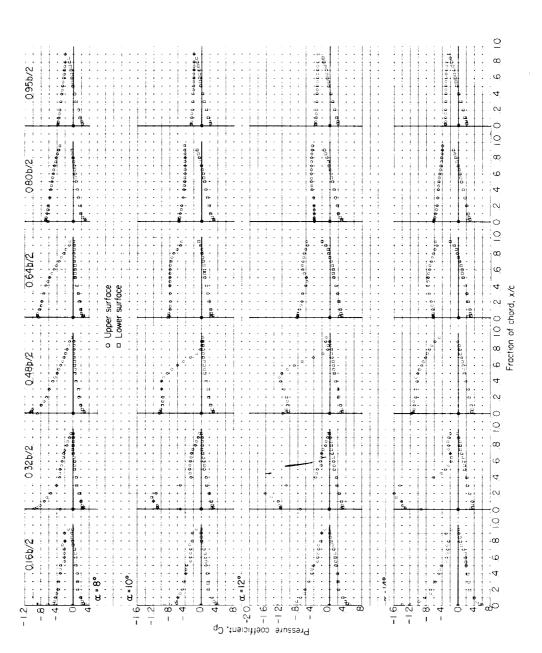
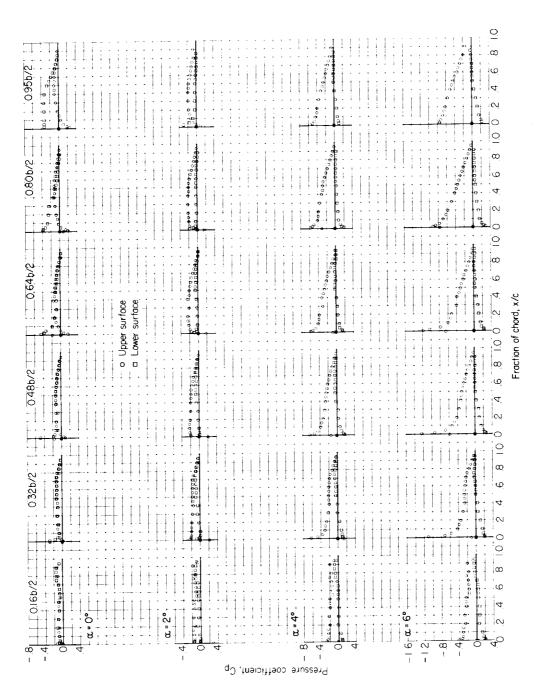


Figure 6.- Chordwise pressure distributions for the cambered wing in combination with the indented body.



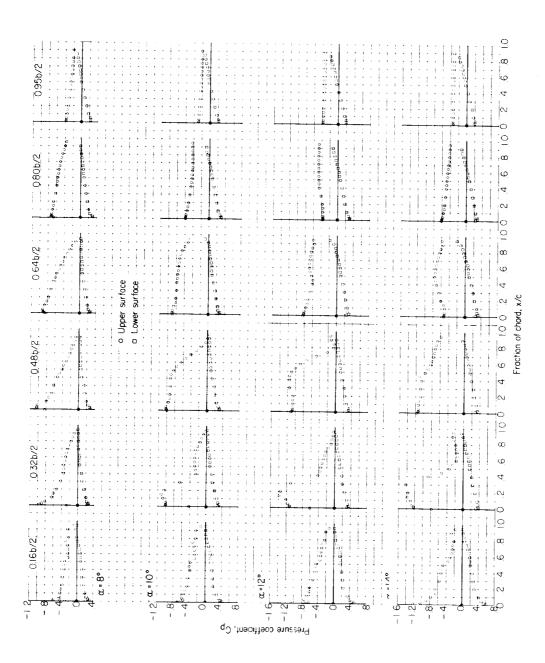


(a) Concluded.
Figure 6.- Continued.



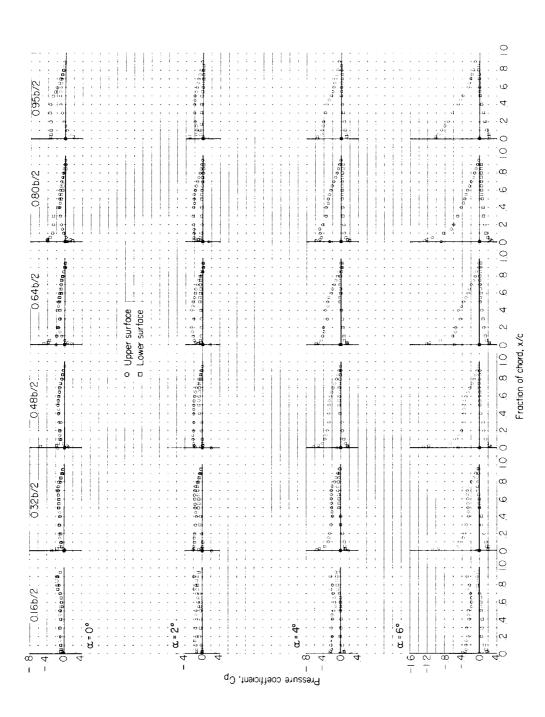
(b) M = 0.85.

Figure 6.- Continued.



(b) Concluded.

Figure 6.- Continued.



(c) M = 0.90.

Figure 6.- Continued.

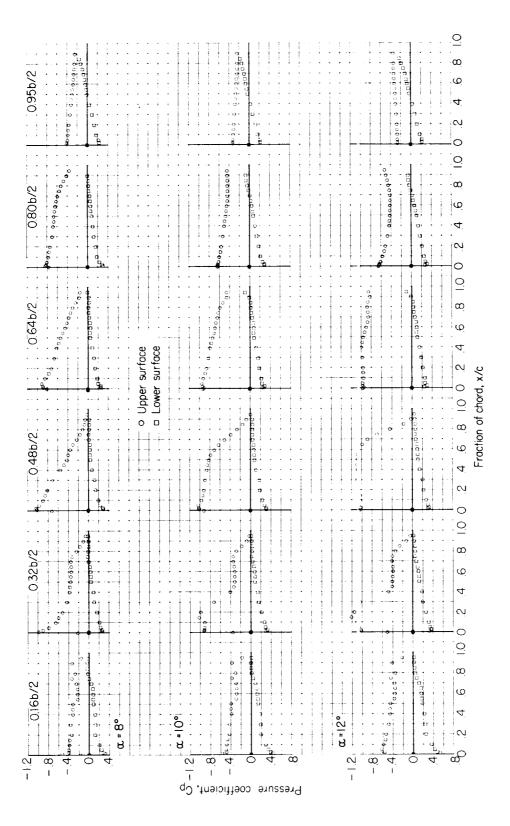
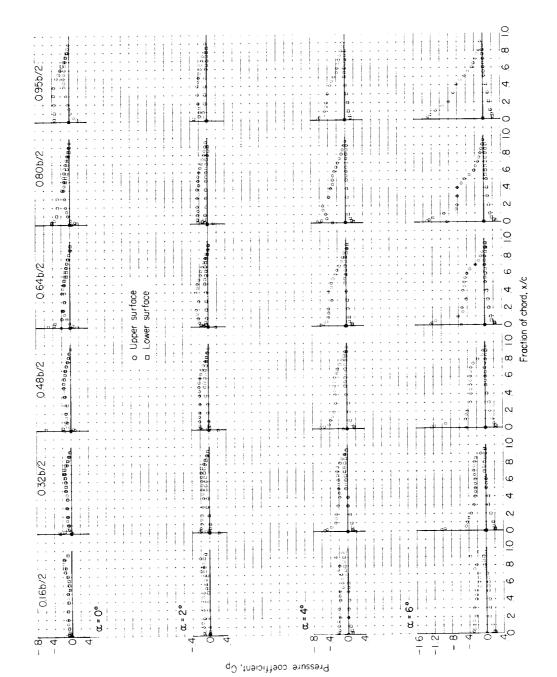


Figure 6.- Continued.

(c) Concluded.

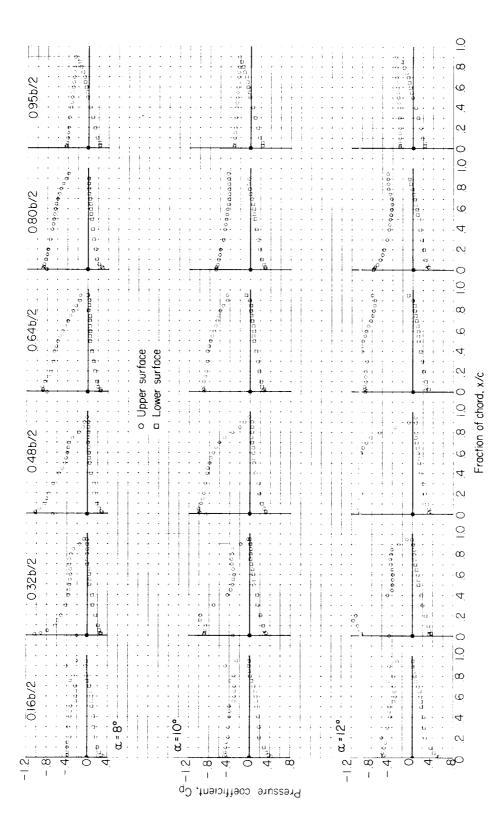
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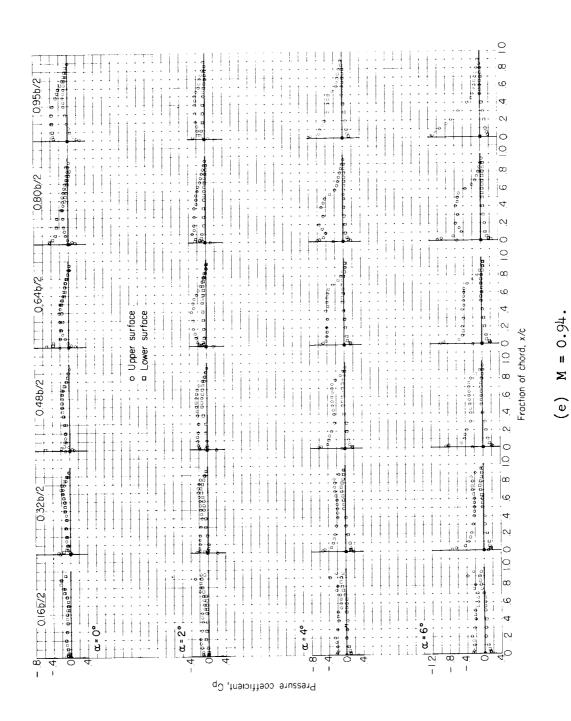
(d) M = 0.92.

Figure 6.- Continued.



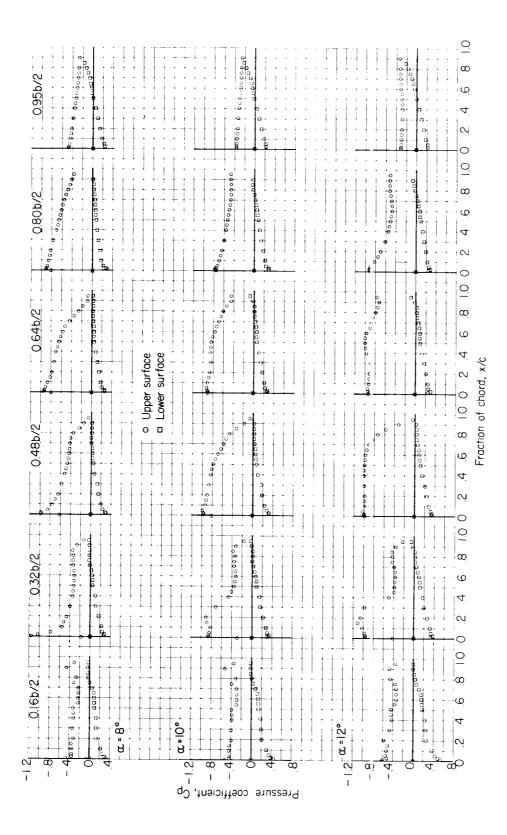
(d) Concluded.

Figure 6.- Continued.



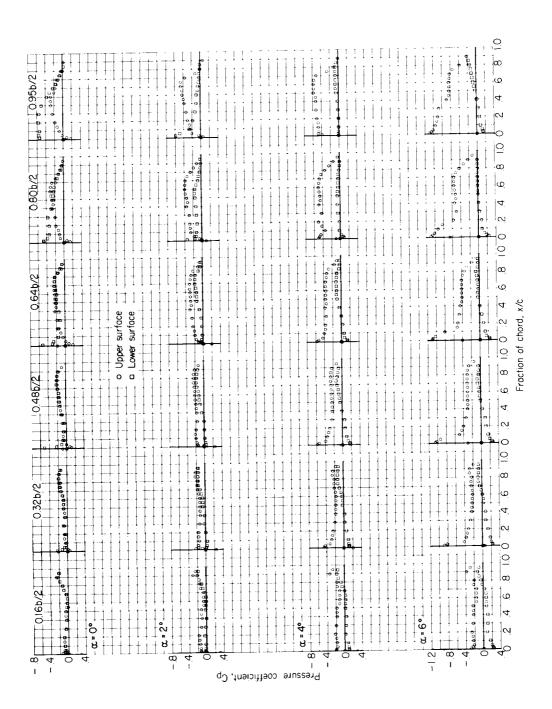
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Figure 6.- Continued.



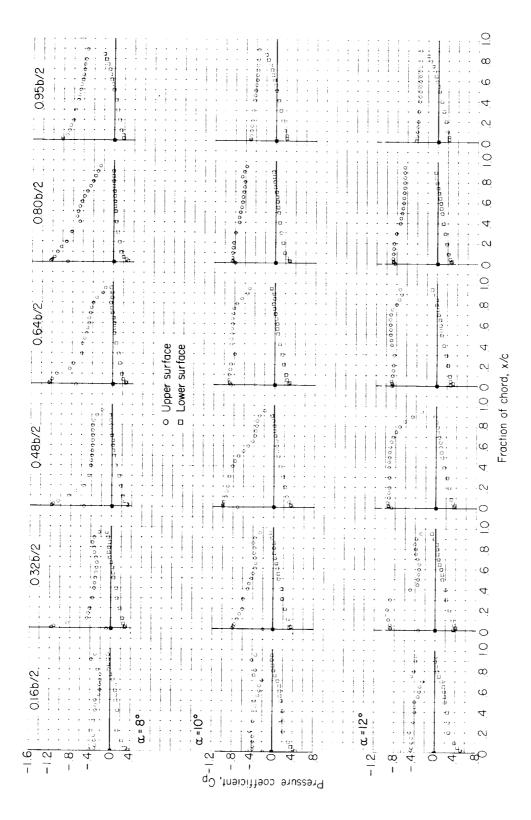
(e) Concluded.

Figure 6.- Continued.



(f) M = 0.98.

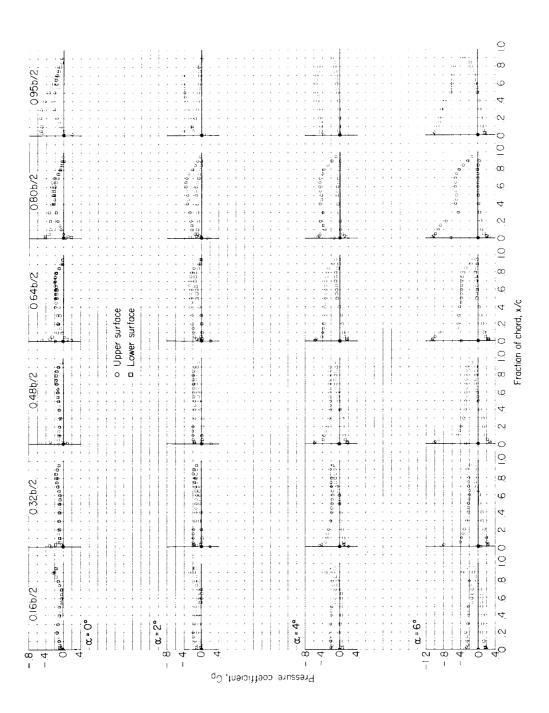
Figure 6.- Continued.



(f) Concluded.

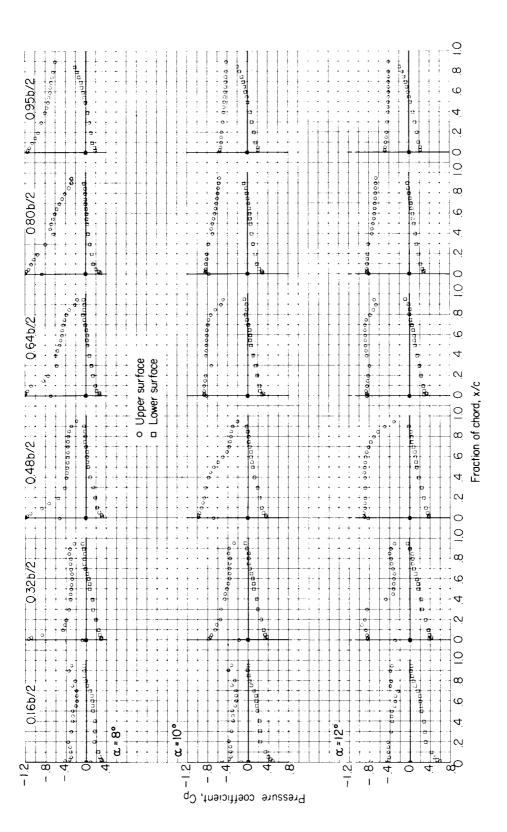
Figure 6.- Continued.





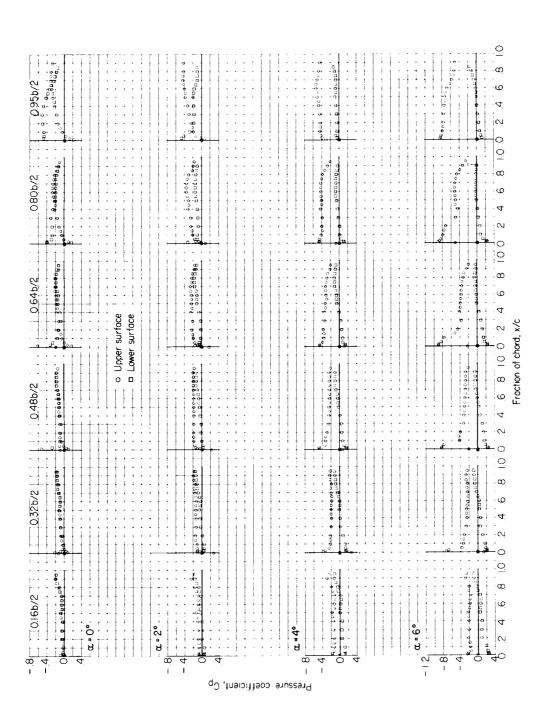
(g) M = 1.00.

Figure 6.- Continued.

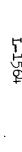


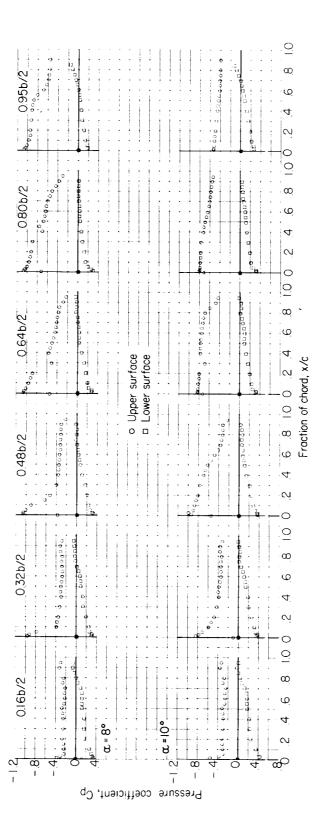
(g) Concluded.

Figure 6.- Continued.



(h) M = 1.05. Figure 6.- Continued.





(h) Concluded. Figure 6.- Concluded.

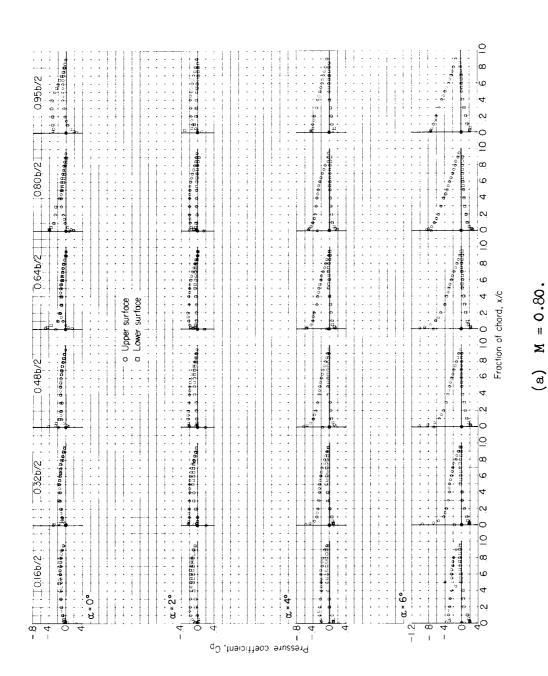
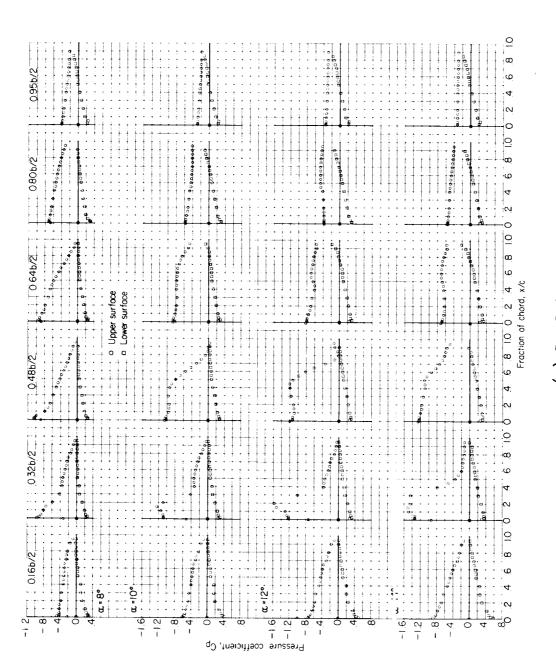


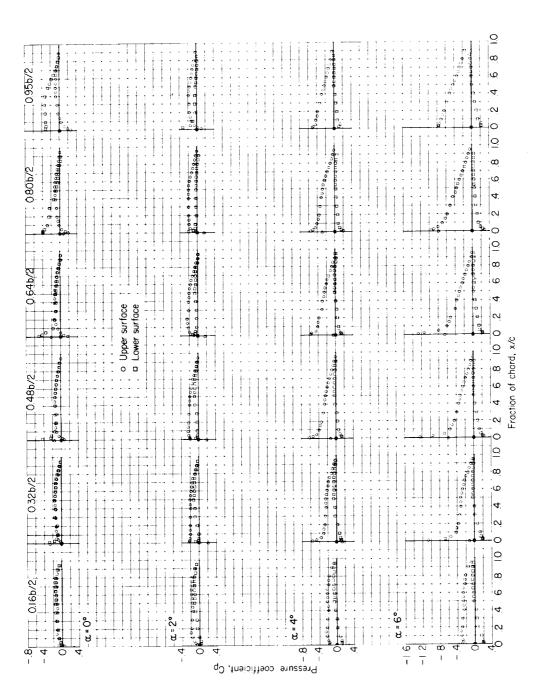
Figure 7.- Chordwise pressure distributions for the cambered wing in combination with the nonindented body.





(a) Concluded.

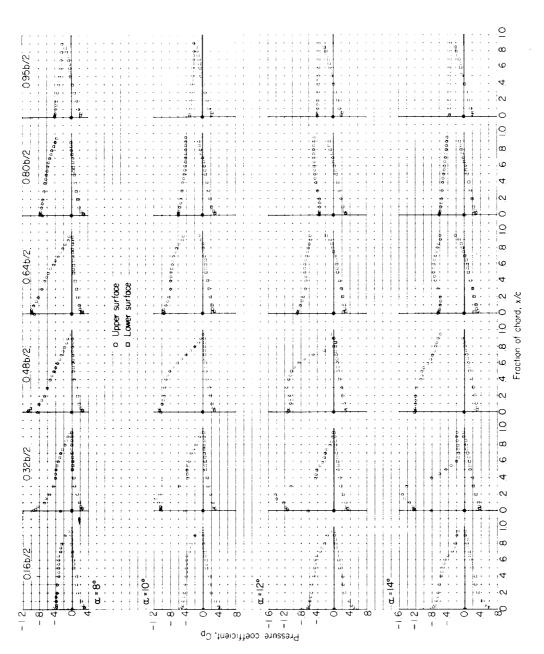
Figure 7.- Continued.



(b) M = 0.85.

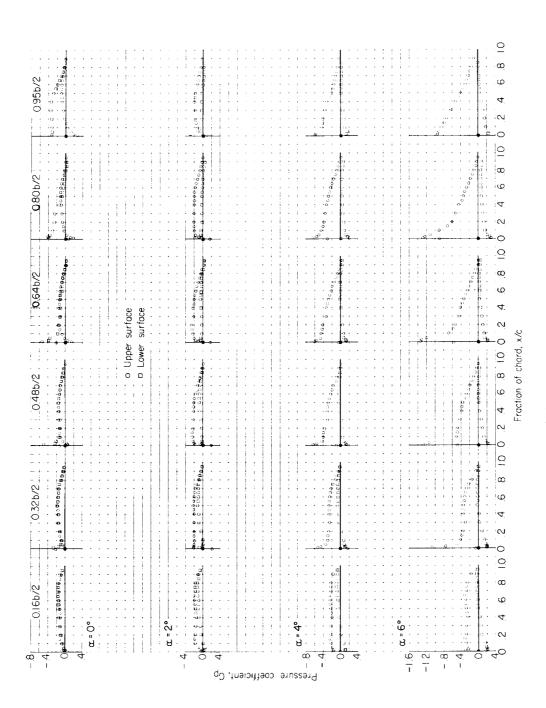
Figure 7.- Continued.





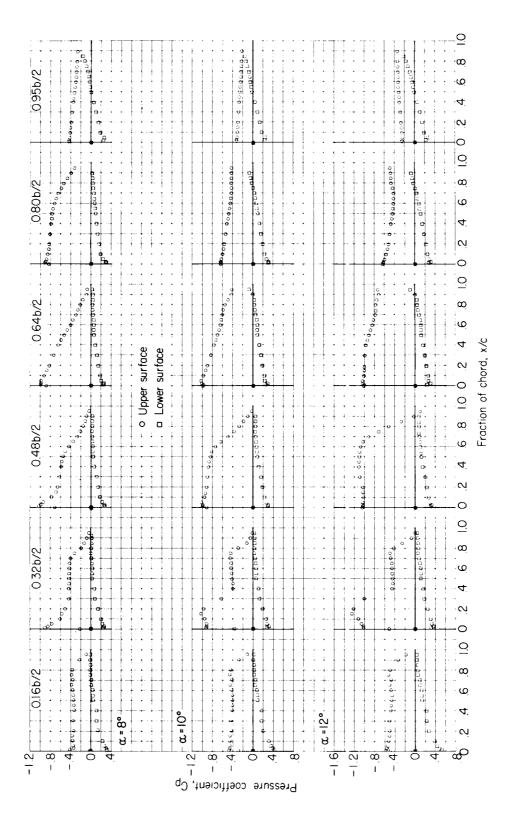
(b) Concluded.

Figure 7.- Continued.



(c) M = 0.90.

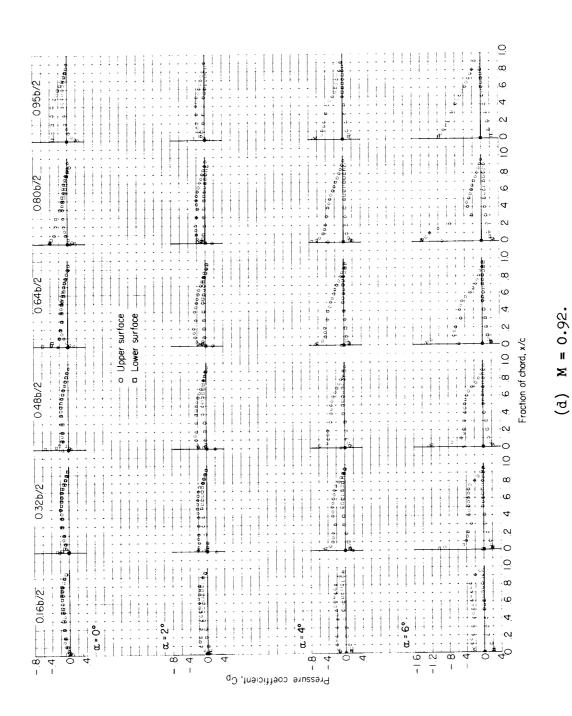
Figure 7.- Continued.



(c) Concluded.

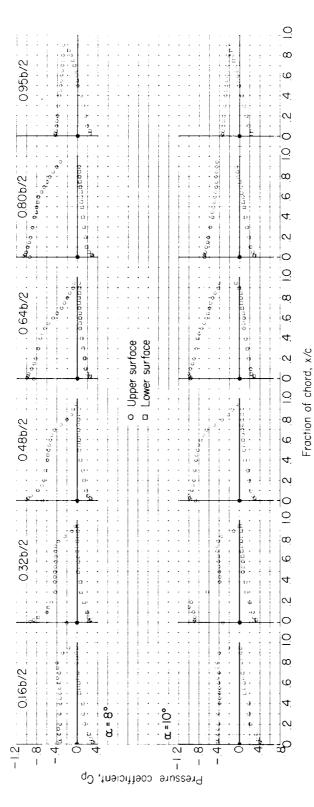
Figure 7.- Continued.

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Figure 7.- Continued.



(d) Concluded.

Figure 7.- Continued.

2 4 6

0.0

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0 8

Fraction of chord, x/c

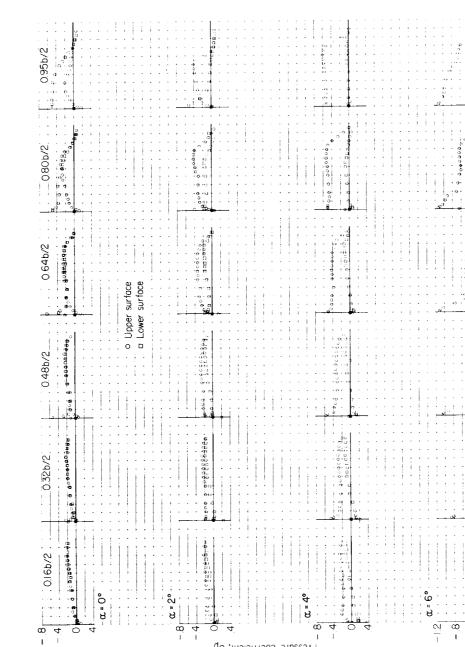
~

8 10

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8 10

4 6



Pressure coefficient, Cp

(e) M = 0.98.

Figure 7.- Continued.

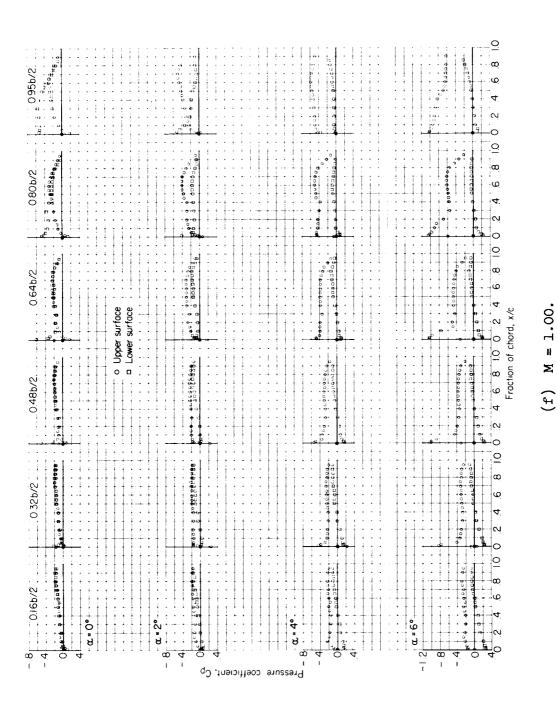
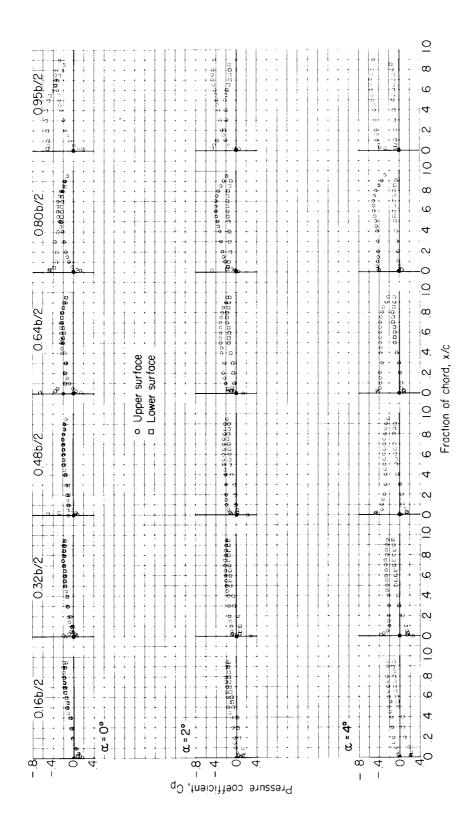


Figure 7.- Continued.



(g) M = 1.05.

Figure 7.- Concluded.

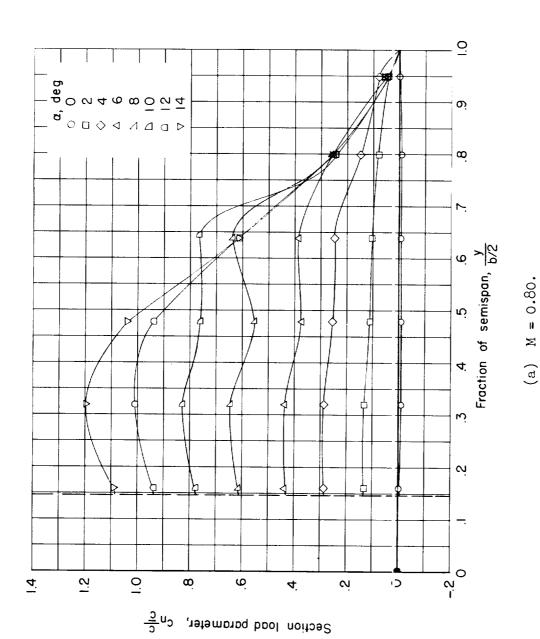


Figure 8.- Spanwise variation of section normal-load parameter for the plane wing in combination with the indented body at various angles of attack and Mach numbers.

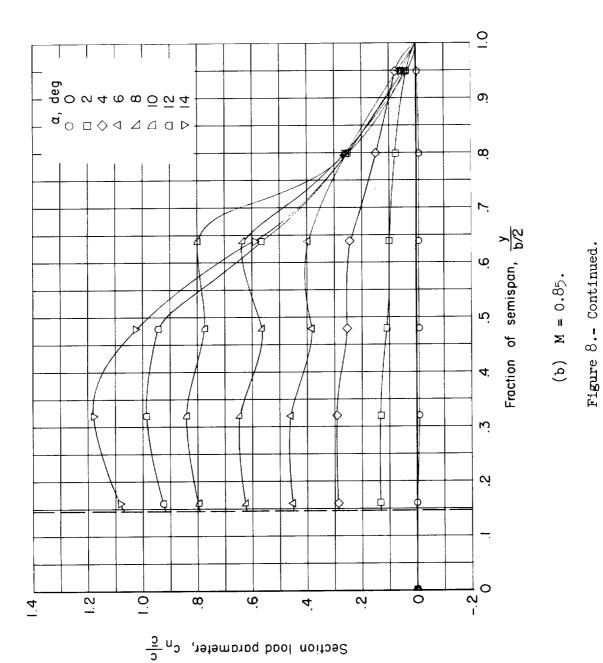
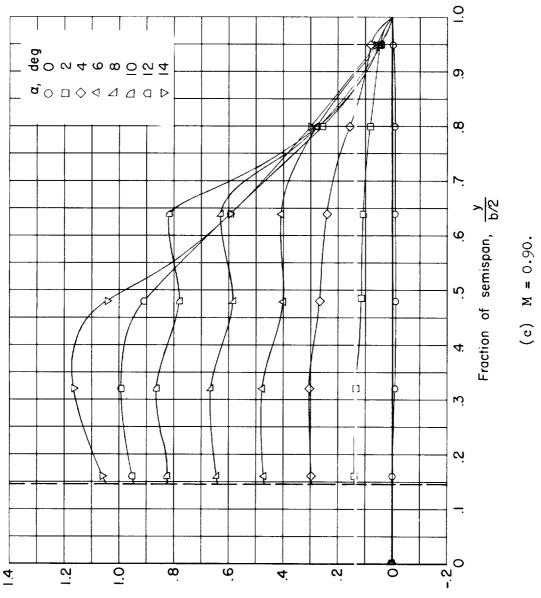
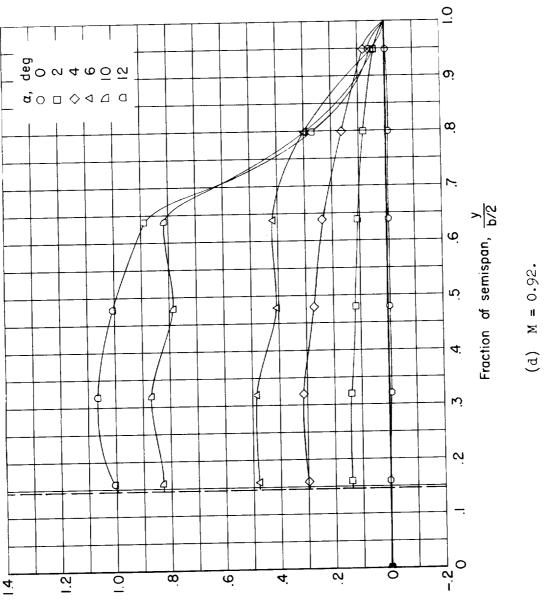


Figure 8.- Continued.



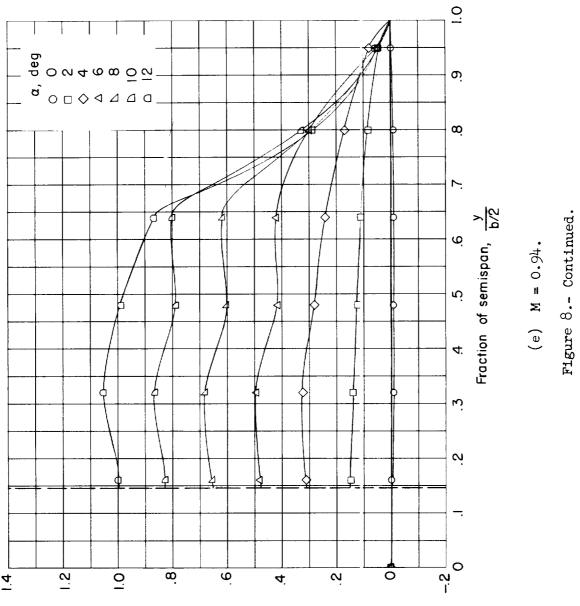
Section load parameter,  $c_n \frac{\overline{c}}{c}$ 

Figure 8.- Continued.

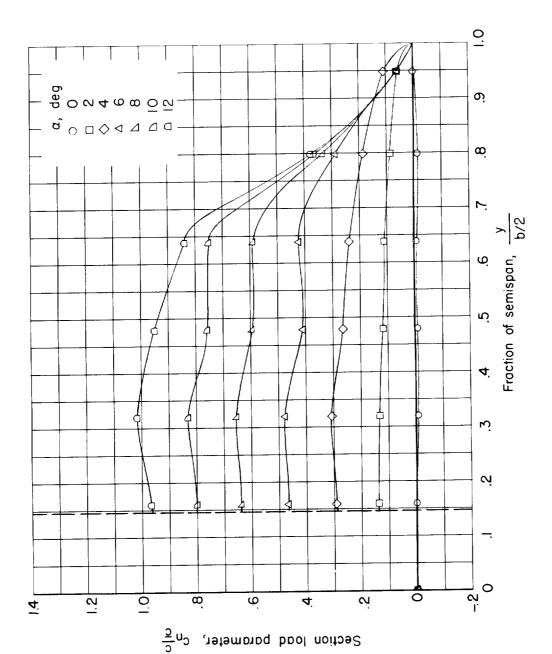


Section load parameter,  $c_n \frac{c}{\delta}$ 





Section load parameter,  $c_n \frac{c}{\overline{c}}$ 



(f) M = 0.98. Figure 8.- Continued.

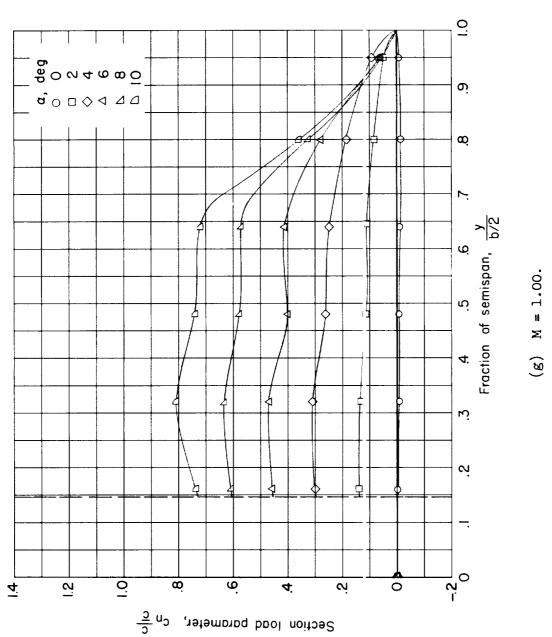


Figure 8.- Continued.

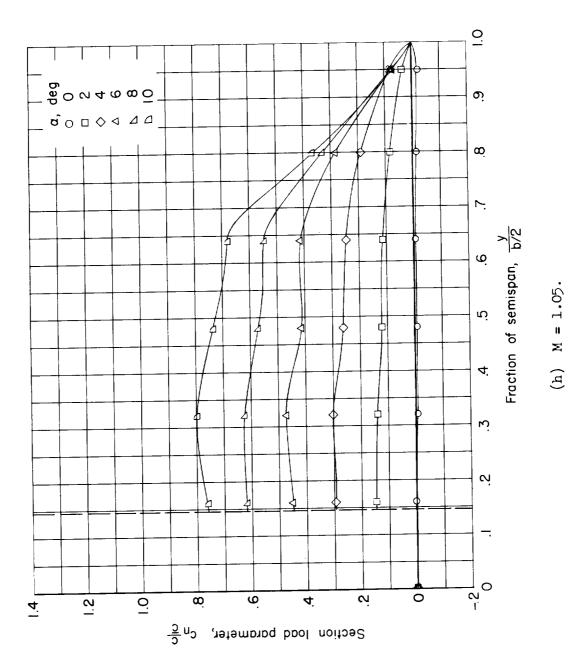
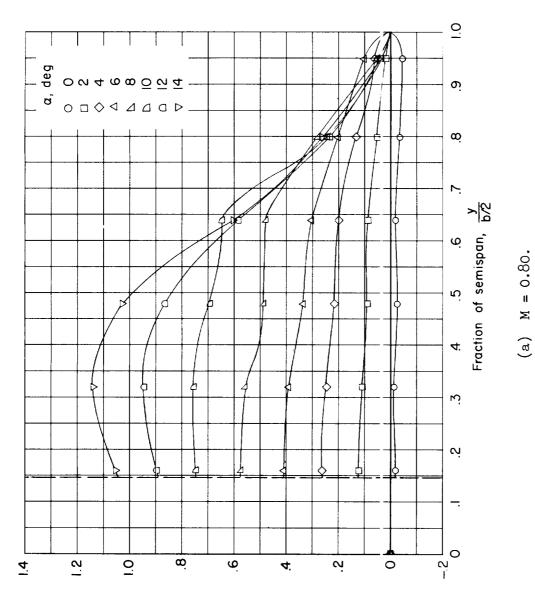


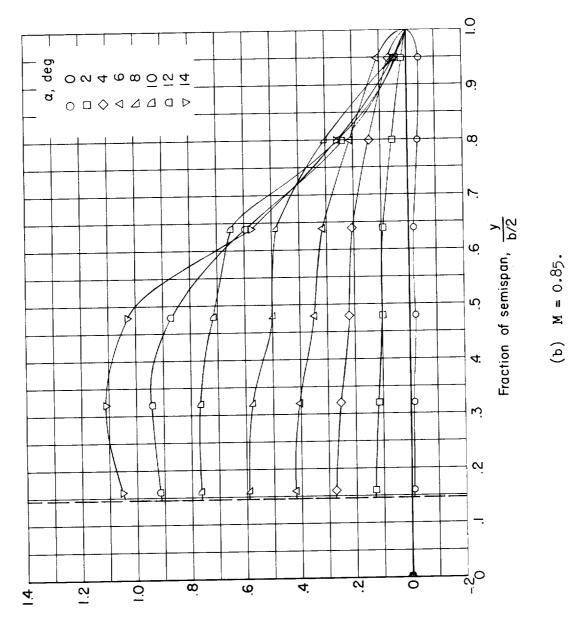
Figure 8.- Concluded.

Figure 9.- Spanwise variation of section normal-load parameter for the cambered wing in combination with the indented body at various angles of attack and Mach numbers.

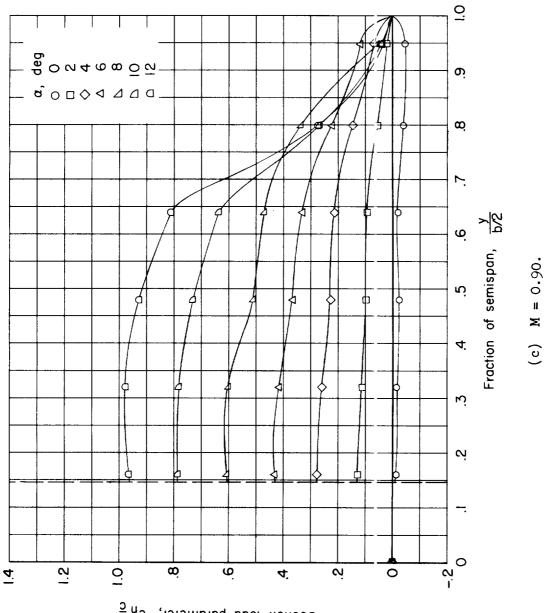


Section I) dad parameter,  $c_n \frac{c}{\delta}$ 

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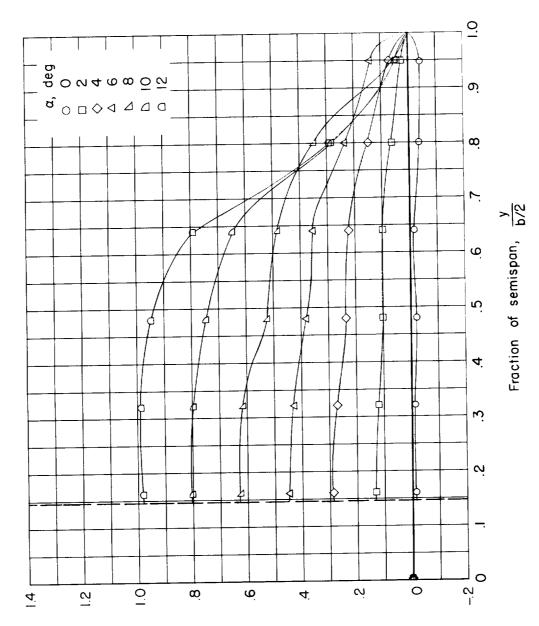


Section load parameter,  $c_n \frac{c}{\overline{c}}$ 

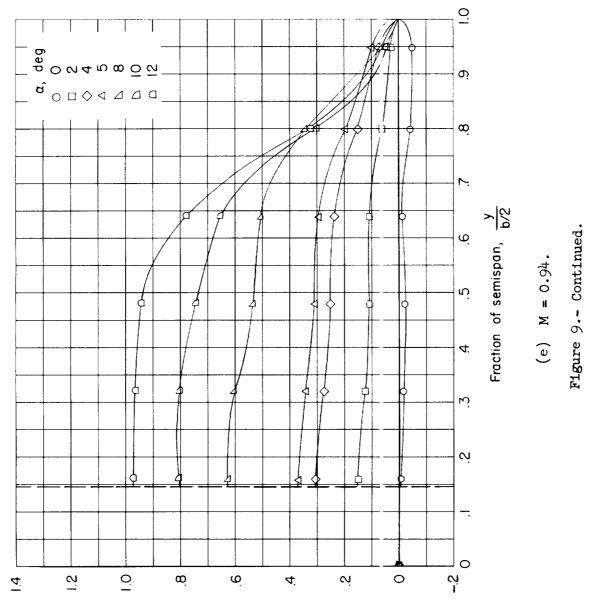


Section load parameter,  $c_n \frac{c}{\overline{c}}$ 

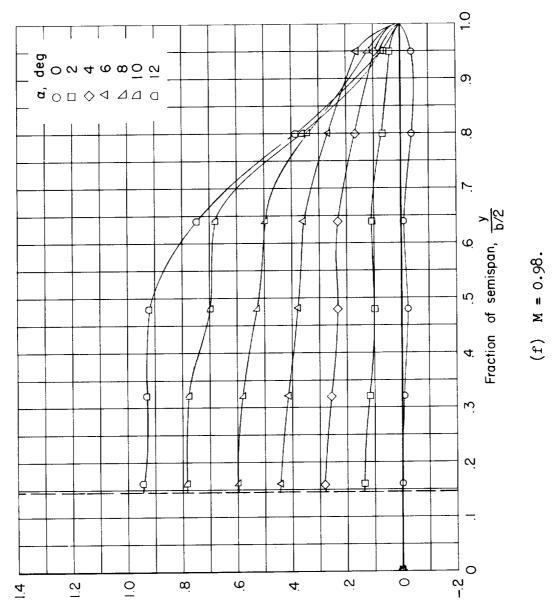
(d) M = 0.92.



Section load parameter,  $c_n \frac{c}{c}$ 

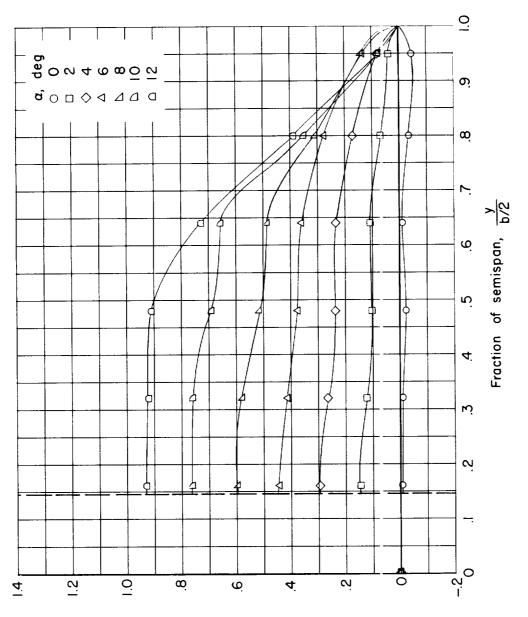


Section load parameter,  $c_n \frac{c}{c}$ 

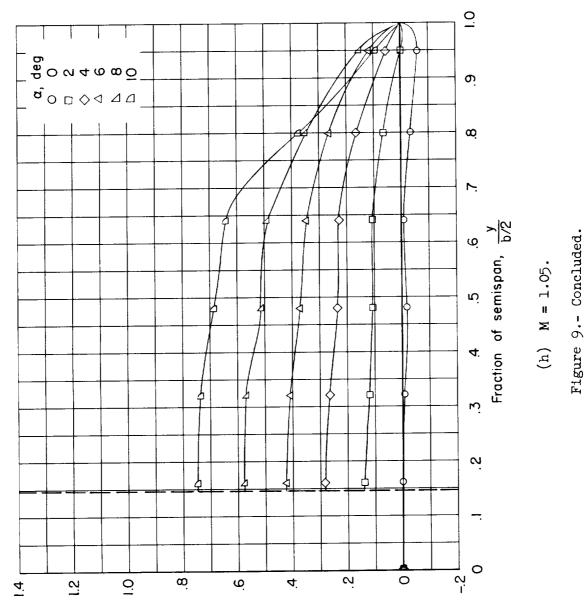


Section load parameter,  $c_n \frac{c}{\overline{c}}$ 

(g) M = 1.00.



Section load parameter,  $c_n \frac{c}{\overline{c}}$ 



Section load parameter,  $c_n \frac{\overline{c}}{c}$ 

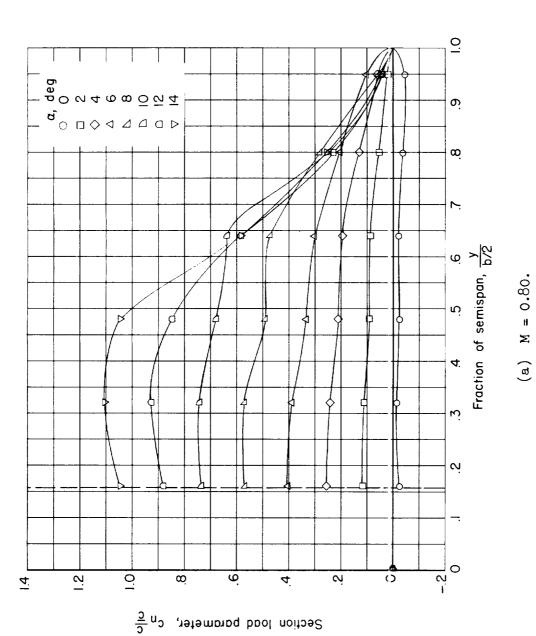
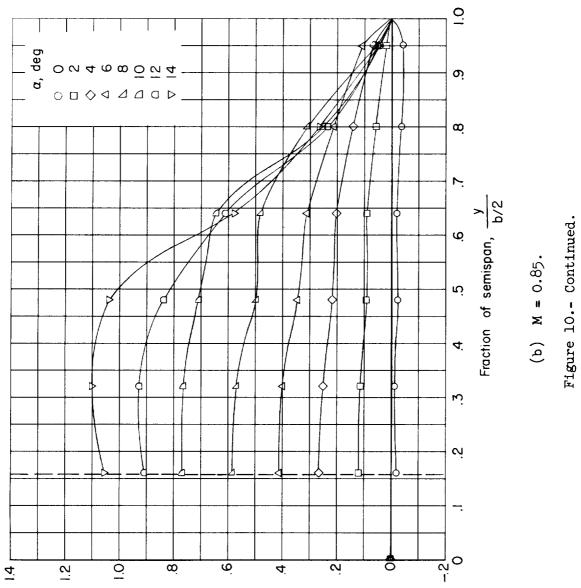
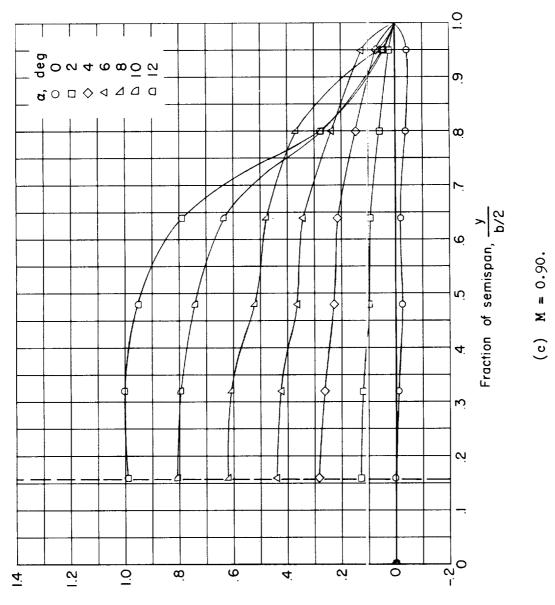


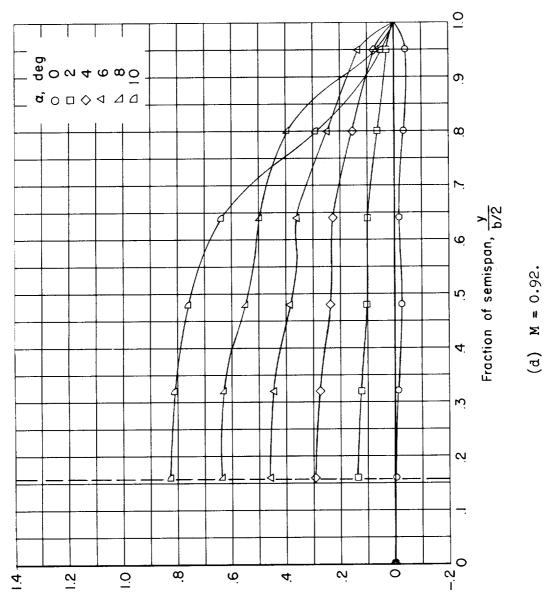
Figure 10.- Spanwise variation of section normal-load parameter for the cambered wing in combination with the nonindented body at various angles of attack and Mach numbers.



Section load parameter,  $c_n \frac{\overline{c}}{c}$ 

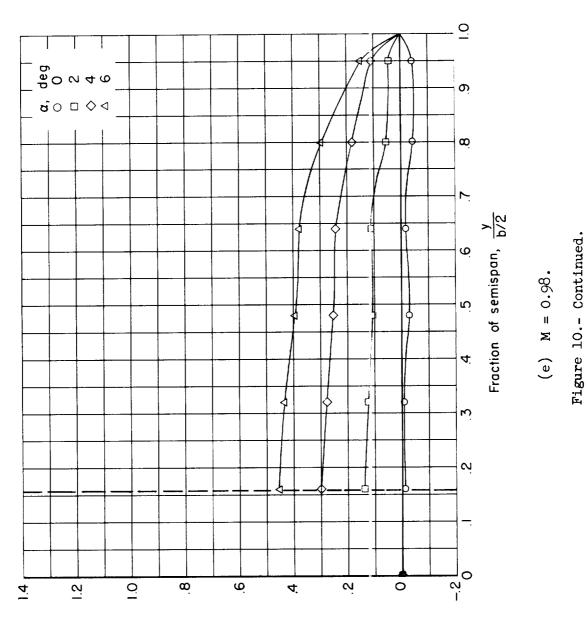


Section load parameter,  $c_n \frac{c}{c}$ 

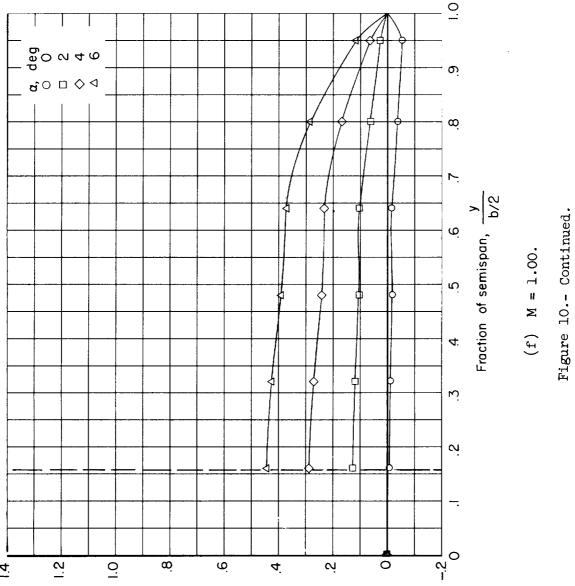


Section load parameter,  $c_n \frac{c}{\bar{c}}$ 



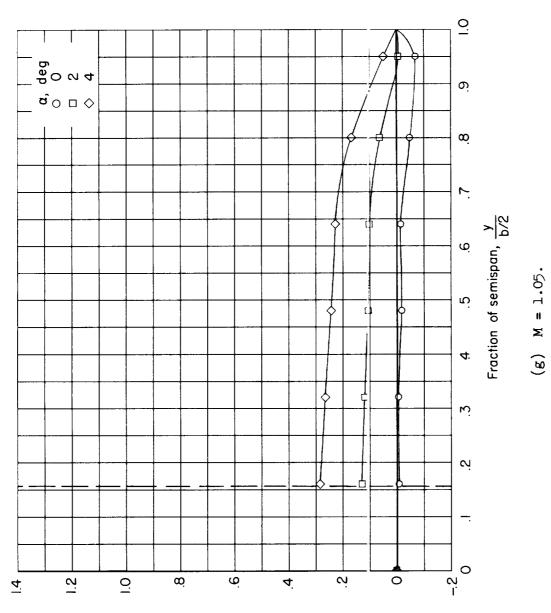


Section load parameter,  $c_n \frac{c}{\overline{c}}$ 



Section load parameter,  $c_n \frac{c}{\overline{c}}$ 

Figure 10.- Concluded.



Section load parameter,  $c_n \frac{c}{\overline{c}}$ 

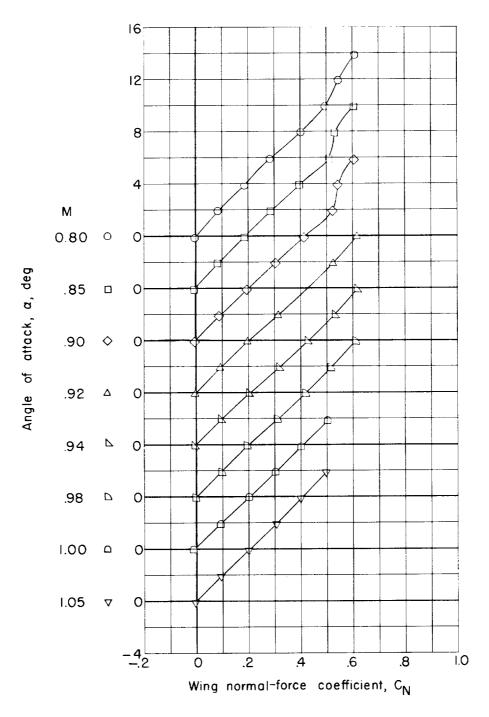
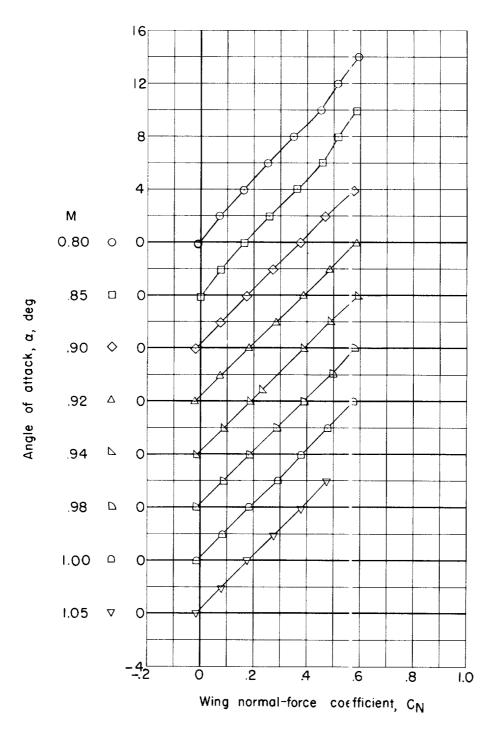
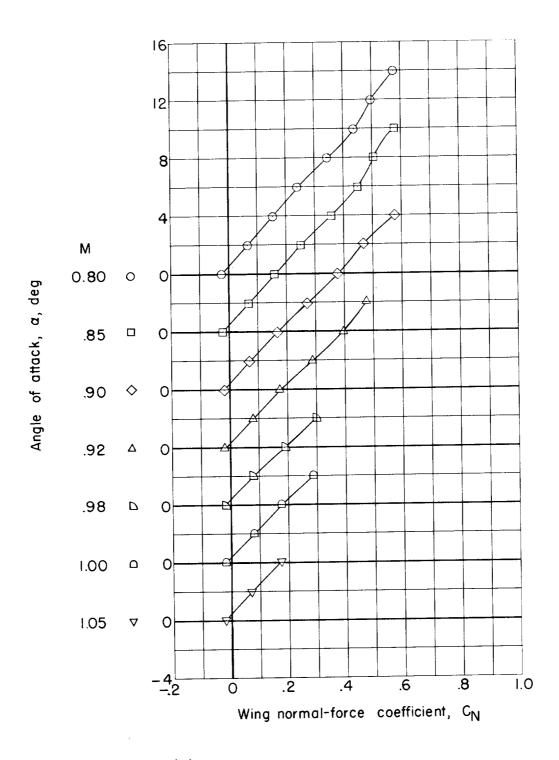


Figure 11.- Variation of angle of attack with wing normal-force coefficient for various Mach numbers.



(b) Indented body and cambered wing.

Figure 11.- Continue1.



(c) Nonindented body and cambered wing.

Figure 11.- Concluded.

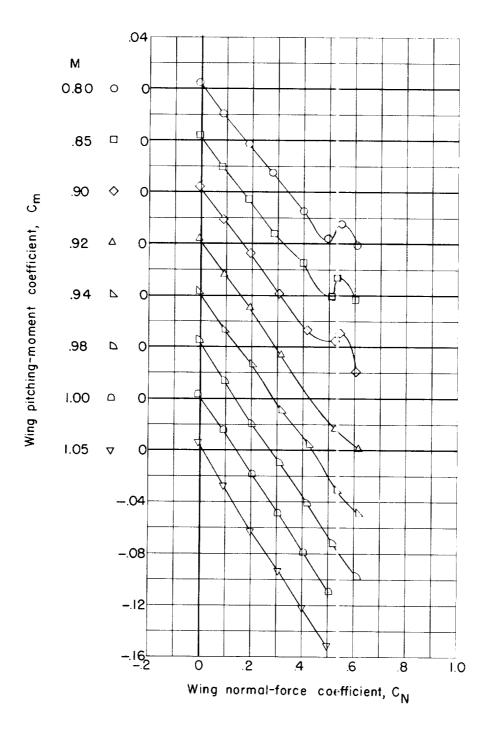
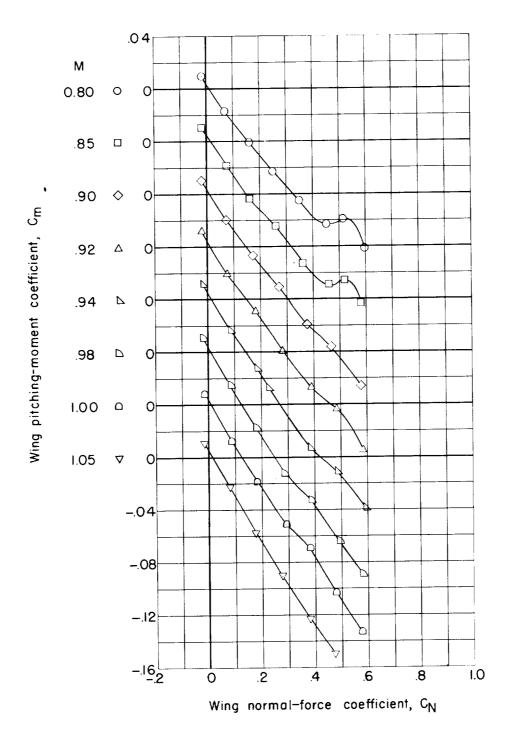
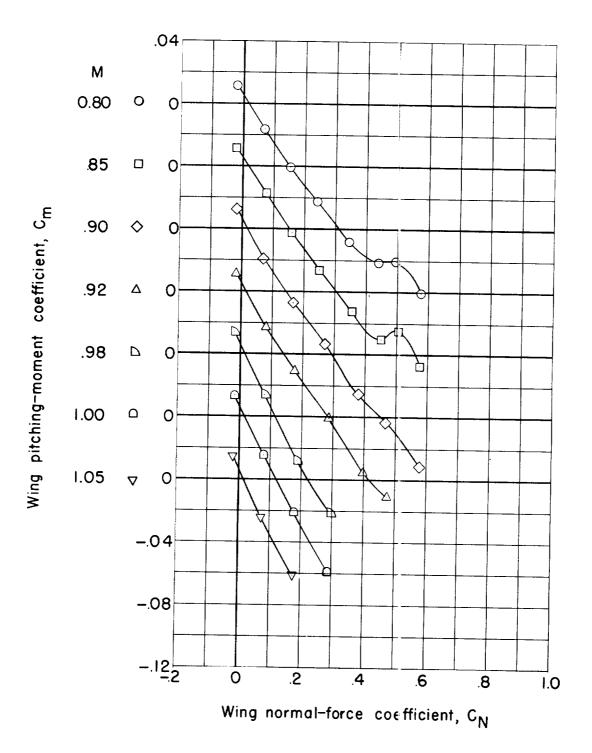


Figure 12.- Variation of wing pitching-moment coefficient with wing normal-force coefficient for various Mach numbers.



(b) Indented body and cambered wing.

Figure 12.- Continued.



(c) Nonindented body and cambered wing.

Figure 12.- Concluded.

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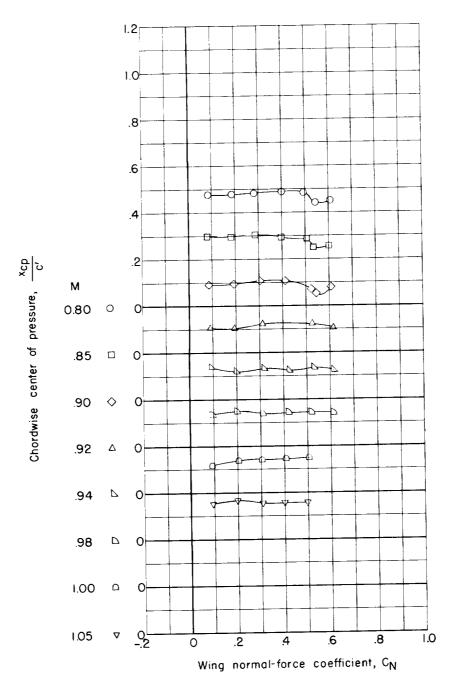
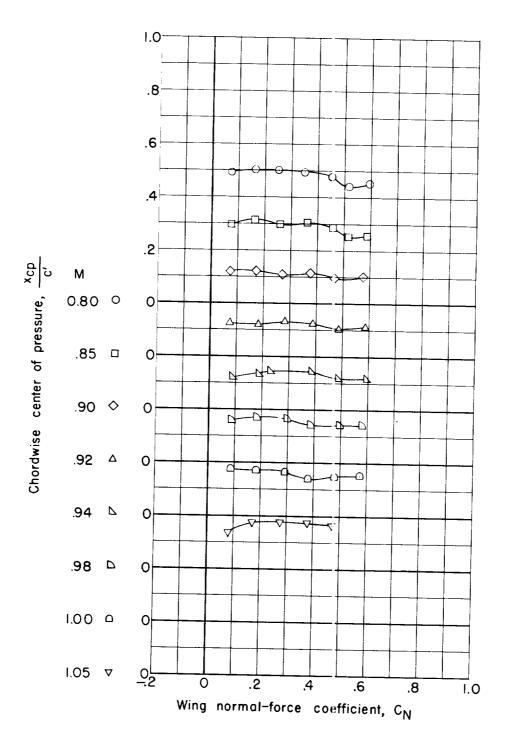


Figure 13.- Variation of wing chordwise center-of-pressure location with wing normal-force coefficient for various Mach numbers.



(b) Indented body and cambered wing.

Figure 13.- Continued.

(c) Nonindented body and cambered wing.
Figure 13.- Concluded.

1-1564

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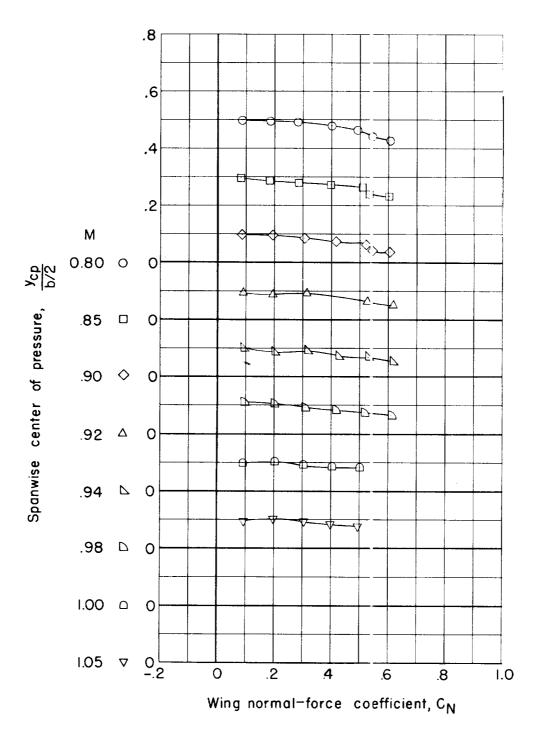
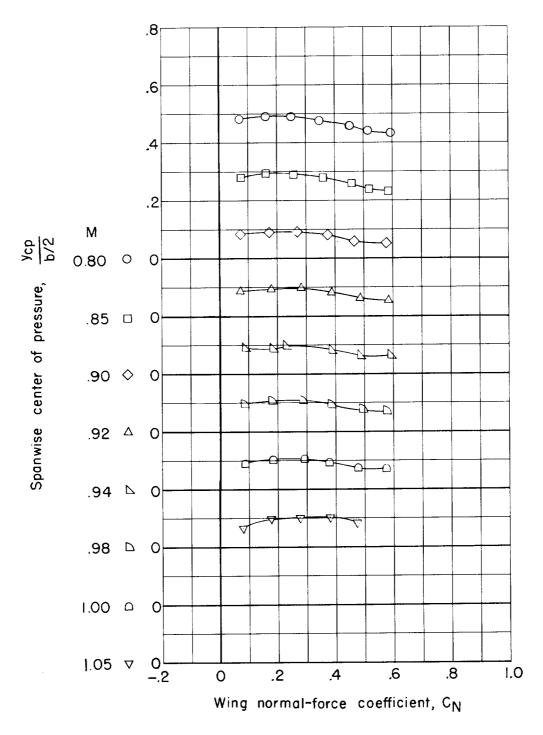


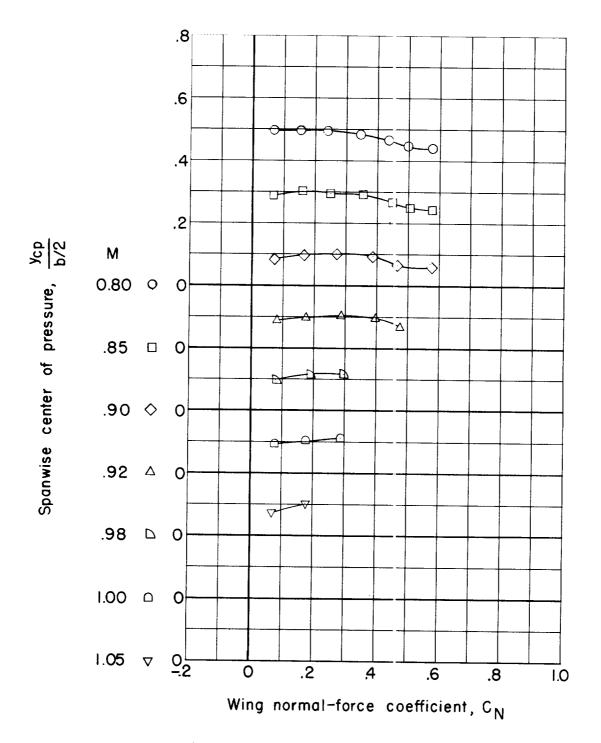
Figure 14.- Variation of spanwise center-of-pressure location with wing normal-force coefficient for various Mach numbers.

1-1564



(b) Indented body and cambered wing.

Figure 14.- Continued.



(c) Nonindented body and cambered wing.

Figure 14.- Concluded.

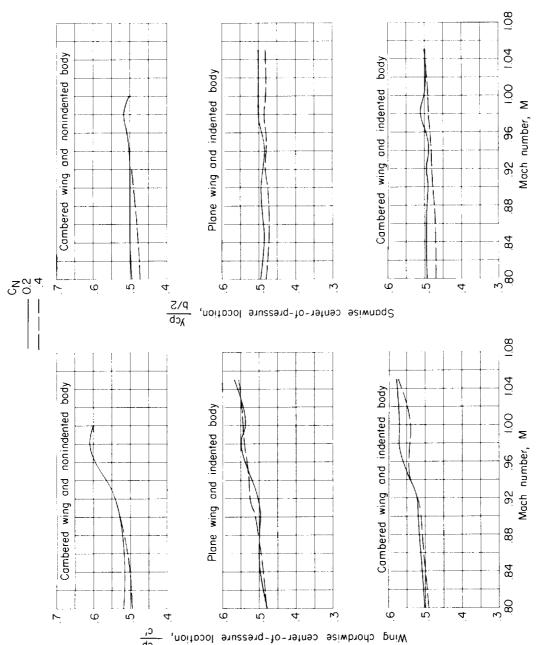


Figure 15.- Variation of wing chordwise center of pressure and spanwise center of pressure with Mach number for constant values of wing normal-force coefficient.

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